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. D. BRIGHAM, ... *Editor.*

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he Daily Commercial

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

HILDREN'S JUBILEE.—Rev. E. M. Long, the well-known and successful children's preacher, Philadelphia, author of "Long's Monthly Sabbath School Letters," &c., is expected to hold a Sabbath in Pittsburgh sometime in September. Arrangements are being made to hold a Union Sunday School Jubilee in some central church of the city, when Mr. Long will preach one of his illustrated sermons for the young. Some of our ministers have been in correspondence with Mr. Long., and have secured the promise of a Sabbath service while he passes west to other cities. The occasion will be one of exceeding interest, and of great advantage to the Sunday Schools that are permitted to enjoy it. Further particulars will be given in due time.

CONCERT.—There will be a sacred concert, under the direction of Prof. W. A. Lawton, at the First Methodist Church, Fifth street, on Wednesday evening next, August 14th. The singers are selected from some of the best choirs in the city, and C. C. Mellor, Esq., will perform on the master pieces on the organ. The prospects indicate a crowded house, and surely the exercises will be such as to command an appreciative audience. The new organ of this church will add much to the interest of the occasion, being one of the best instruments in the State. All lovers of music should avail themselves of this opportunity for real enjoyment.

THE Wesleyan and (late) Methodist Protestant congregations of Brownsville, Pa., will formally unite in one organization to-morrow. The Wesleyan Church has been completely refitted and beautified throughout, and will be dedicated to the service of God by appropriate services, conducted by Revs. J. B. Graham, S. ——, Crowther and others. The united congregation will be one of the largest in the place.

ONE OF THE BEST auxiliaries of the church in Pittsburgh is the Order of the Sons of Temperance. The different congregations owe much of their genuine increase and influence to the agency of the various divisions in the city, and to no one of them more than to the Tenth No. 42. The officers and leading members of this Division are Christians in the broadest interpretation of the word,—for they love God and their fellow men with a love that expresses itself in action. It matters little how beautiful and bountiful one's creed may be, how well he may pronounce the phrases of professional orthodoxy, how promptly he may attend the ordinances, how solemn the countenance or holy the tone of voice,—if his religion has no bonds to lift up the fallen, and no feet to search for hungry widows and orphans, it is nothing. Many church members might take lessons of Christianity from the more vigilant and faithful Sons of Temperance, who go about doing good. This noble Order should be heartily seconded by the churches; its objects should be kept before the public congregations on the Sabbath; its good Samaritanism should be copied by all who profess the doctrines of Jesus Christ. How many poor, despondent souls, in abused and weary bodies, are languishing this very day, for need of kind words, the warm hand-pressures, the wholesome and honorable restraints of the Gospel as represented in the true Son of Temperance! The suffering world pleads for the living bread, and the church is giving it stones spawled off from its rocky mountain creeds. When will the grace of Jesus so soften the hearts of all the disciplesship that they can love the outcast poor with an impartial and constant affection, and thus win them into heaven by making them happy on the earth!

REV. STEPHEN H. TYNG, JR., rector of the Holy Trinity (Protestant Episcopal) church of New York city, has been arraigned before the Standing Committee of the Diocese of New York for preaching in St. James Methodist Episcopal church, in New Brunswick, New Jersey. He has disregarded the prohibition of Rev. Dr. [illegible] and which forbids any minister of the Episcopal church officiating "either by preaching, reading, prayers, or otherwise, in the parish or within the parochial care of another clergyman unless he have permission."

Christ says, "go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature." Dr. Stubbs says, "stay at home and keep the gospel in your parish." But, perhaps New Jersey is not included in "all the world." Its locality was a little doubtful during the war—whether it was North or South. Perhaps in ecclesiastical geography it is ruled out as reprobate territory, and its inhabitants are all in purgatory already, and therefore not "creatures," and not subject to "the gospel." Henceforth let all ministers who claim to preach the doctrines of the apostles pay attention to the "squatter sovereignty" of Doctors of Divinity who may have pre-emption rights and privileges. The world must be lined and cross lined with sectarian boundaries, and inside of these the brethren of the same sect must not overlap any preaching patches and thus cover one another's layers of language! No wonder the world is amused at such technicalities. How much of this kind of evangelization will it take to save New Jersey?

THE FIFTH AVENUE Presbyterian Church, of New York, have presented their late pastor, Rev. N. L. Rice, with a purse of of-money containing twenty-five thousand dollars, and also one year's salary, six thousand dollars. The Doctor is about settling on a Rice plantation near New Brunswick, New Jersey, in the Diocese of Dr. Stubbs.

THE NEW and beautiful Methodist Episcopal church, in Manchester, is approaching completion. Rev. Mr. Hollingshead has been remarkably successful in this charge. The increasing popularity of that portion of the city of Allegheny, (as Manchester is now the Fifth Ward,) justifies and will appreciate the efforts to furnish ample church-room for all the people.

THE Methodist Episcopal church in East Liberty is undergoing extensive repairs, at an expense of some $20,000. Methodist Episcopalianism is rapidly increasing in numbers and influence about these cities. Her churches and people rank equal with any denomination.

THE *Banner* says that Rev. Jno. W. Scott, D. D., formerly of Washington College, has been chosen Vice President of West Virginia Agricultural College, Morgantown, West Virginia. He will be worthily associated with President Martin.

THE United Presbyterian congregation of Butler have decided to remodel and rebuild their church edifice. They intend to enlarge the present building by extending the same fourteen feet on the western side for a vestibule. We understand that they intend to adorn the building with a neat and substantial spire. The estimated cost of the entire improvement is over $6,000.

CAMP MEETING.—A M. E. Camp Meeting will be held on the farm of Henry Allman, near West's Church, on the Pittsburgh and Brownsville road, three miles from Greenfield and California, and about two miles from Bentleysville, in Washington county, commencing on Thursday, the 22d inst.

THERE will be a camp meeting near Kelly's Station, Western Pennsylvania Railroad, within the bounds of the Saltsburg and Hopewell Circuit, commencing August 29th. There will be a meeting on the ground on Thursday next for clearing the ground and selecting tent lots.

THE Blairsville District Preachers' Association will be held at Apollo, Armstrong county, commencing October 29th, at two o'clock, P. M.

THE M. E. Church at Port Perry, R. T. Miller pastor, having been recently repaired, beautified, and in many respects improved, at a cost of seven hundred and fifty dollars, was opened on last Sabbath. Rev. Jas. A. Miller, of Lawrenceville, preached at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Rev. Wm. H. Locke, of the Liberty street M. E. church, this city, preached at three P. M. Rev. Smart, of the Methodist Protestan church, assisted in the administration of the Lord's Supper at the close of the morning services.

THE NEW LUTHERAN CHURCH.—The work upon the German Evangelical Lutheran [illegible] on High street, near Fifth [illegible] progressing most [illegible] tion.

[illegible] offices in [illegible]

[illegible] CAMP MEETING.—The Camp Meeting being held at Tarentum is one of the largest ever held on the ground. The camp meeting commenced on Thursday evening by a sermon from Rev. Mr. Webster, of Apollo, followed with an exhortation by Rev. M. Weekly, of Rock street Church, this city. The congregation was large and much interest manifested. [illegible]

O'clock A. M. and 2½ and 7½ P. M. Quite a number of preachers are present, among others, Revs. Wolff, Presiding Elder, Snyder, Hickman, M'Guire, Weekly, Hamilton and Webster. The camp ground is in fine order, and the arrangements by the railroads of the best kind. There are good accommodations for all who may desire to attend. Fifty-five tents have been erected and occupied, and more are being put up.

STRANGERS IN CHURCH.—There will be in every church in these cities to-morrow, persons who are but casual worshippers, and not a few strangers who may walk our sanctuary aisles for the first time. They will feel a little timid in the vestibule, not knowing whether a welcome shall greet them, or any pew be vacant for their reception. They would appreciate the slightest indication of that politeness which is any emphatic in your home parlors; but will, doubtless, rather be left to wonder all through the service at the indifference which permits them to find seats where they may, and to depart unrecognized and uninvited to return. Now, Christianity should be as social as it is solemn—as winning to strangers and sinners as any attractions the world ever invented. And when churches open their pew-doors to strangers, their pockets to the poor, and their hands to the outcast and lost, then will grace have growth and all the people be blest. Let church members, comfortable in the companionship of the saints, and happy in the possession of cheerful homes, have an eye every Sabbath to the stranger's face, rather than to the robes and ribbons of neighbors, and let every disciple of the meek and lowly Redeemer remember that kindness to the least and lowest of his followers, is kindness to Him.

"Christian Daring" and "Christian Doing" are announced as subjects of discourse at the First Methodist church, Fifth street, to-morrow morning and evening.

MR. HUGH D. MCGAW, son of Rev. J. E. McGaw, of Temperanceville, one of the true temperance reformers, has received the appointment of District Deputy of a portion of Allegheny and Washington counties. Mr. McGaw is also an officially appointed lecturer on Temperance in Western Pennsylvania. He is an able speaker, and has a rich, round voice, well adapted to out-door audiences, and withal is so affable and pleasant in his manners that the cause will gain many friends through his instrumentality. He is one of the officers of Division No. 42 of Sons of Temperance, and one of the most influential members of the Order of Good Templars.

OUR STEUBENVILLE LETTER.

Young M-n's' Christian Association --New Masonic Hall---Home for Little Wanderers---The Seminary.

STEUBENVILLE, August 7, 1867.

The Young Mens' Christian Association was only fully organized in this city about six weeks ago; Robert Sherrard, Esq., President, and Prof. Wyckoff, of the Steubenville Female Seminary, Treasurer. A large interesting prayer meeting made up its dedication services. We visited the spacious room to-day, in McConville's handsome block, and were surprised to see the kinds and amount of material which has been collected there in so short a time. Mr. Hamilton, the enterprising proprietor of our principal book store, has placed in it, for the benefit of those interested in minerals or natural history, fine specimens of each, conveniently arranged for inspection. One or two fine paintings, and other beautiful pictures grace the polished walls. The City Library has been removed there; and we noticed upon the tables all our best religious and literary magazines; also, a good representation of the leading weekly and daily papers, among which we were glad to see the familiar face of the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL. We are credibly informed that fifty is the average attendance of our young people there every evening. We already begin to anticipate the beneficent effect these gatherings will have upon the [illegible] and we hope the [illegible] will then look forward to the time when street corners will lack loafers, and drinking saloons be closed for want of customers. The organization can and will be a success, for the hearts of the people are in it.

The Free Masons' elegant hall, recently fitted up over the Association room, was dedicated last evening with impressive ceremonies. The Grand Master of Ohio was present, and the "Grand Orator" of the occasion, Rev. Mr. Boyle, made a very appropriate and interesting address.

Rev. B. T. Phillips, Superintendent of the Home for Little Wanderers, opened in Philadelphia two years since, has been with us for a few days. The principles upon which the Institution is founded, may be briefly summed up as follows: "It turns no homeless, hungry, or neglected child from its door—does not go in debt—and is sustained entirely by the free-will offerings of the people." Mr. Phillips had six orphans with him, and two of them found comfortable homes in Steubenville. Mr. P. preached an affecting sermon in the First Presbyterian church Sabbath morning, from the text, "Take this child away and nurse it for me and I will give thee thy wages." After the services were concluded, four of the little wanderers sung some of their sweetest sacred songs. In the afternoon they gave an entertainment for the children. There was also a meeting held in the evening, and the collections in money only amounted to a hundred and fifty-seven dollars. We were forcibly convinced that the free use of brush and comb first, and the pleasure of wearing clean garments, then pouring into their young hearts blessed Bible truths, were adequate to transform these neglected ones, a representation which was before us, into such nice clean, children, that no one with half a heart would refuse to lend Mr. Phillips a helping hand in this great work.

The Seminary has taken more than a passing interest in them. With the aid and co-operation of Principal and teachers, the young ladies have organized a Literary Society in the Institution, and have voluntarily pledged themselves to pay into the treasury of said society the sum of seven cents in gold, for the purpose of bringing one of these orphans here to educate. These funds, thus raised, will entitle her to all the privileges of the scientific and classical courses of the Seminary, also including music and painting, if she has any taste or talent for these accomplishments.

The pupils are not to call upon their parents, or guardians to furnish them extra money, but pursue so to make sufficient retrenchment in their personal expenses to give this surplus for the noble object. May we not hope that habits of systematic benevolence will be one good result of this movement upon the minds and hearts of the young ladies? And may they realize that it is doubly blessed to give, when it costs a sacrifice!

STATE ITEMS.

There will be a Methodist Episcopal Camp Meeting on Woodbury Circuit, commencing Thursday, August 15th, 1867. The ground on which the camp will be held is pleasantly located near Mr. Martin's, about one and a half miles west of Martinsburg, in Blair county, and possesses every convenience to render it a favorable and pleasant location for a camp meeting.

Two persons in the Bedford jail undertook to to break out Friday morning. They succeeded so far that a lively race only brought them back. On Saturday morning one of them attempted to commit suicide by hanging himself to a bed post, but was foiled in this by the timely interference of the Sheriff.

The Brookville *Republican* says the prospect of the whortleberry crop is promising, and that already parties have left for the picking grounds. The same paper speaking of the Allegheny Valley Railroad says: The present management of the Valley road displays an energy that used to be a stranger to that company. The old and worn out rails and ties have been taken out and their places supplied by others new and more substantial; the rolling stock has also been greatly improved, a number of new and commodious coaches and several engines having been added thereto a short time since.

The proposed consolidation of the Warren and Franklin and Philadelphia and Erie railroads will take place on the 9th of August.

Free Railroad Law.

The Gettysburg *Star and Sentinel* says: "The friends of a free railroad law are bestirring themselves. We observe that the Republican nominations for the Legislature in the Northern as well as in the Western part of the State, reference is had to the opinions and votes of candidates on [illegible]on. The secret enemies of [illegible]—on which, by the [illegible]te Convention pre-[illegible]-must prepare next [illegible]rd of last session, [illegible] the people."

[illegible] is personally very popular [illegible]ston. [illegible] generally acknowledged that he executes his duty with a fidelity that nothing can shake, but he contrives to do it in such a manner as to avoid unpleasant feelings. He places himself in constant communication with the oldest residents and political leaders, and gives them to understand the necessity for carrying out any policy under the reconstruction act that he may resolve to adopt. By this judicious course he secures the co-operation of a class whose support is most desirable for the success of any measure, and the very radical changes introduced have probably struck deeper and endure longer than the changes effected in [illegible] other Southern Departments.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE CABINET IMBROGLIO

Another Lengthy Discussion.

The Cabinet of Opinion Stanton Should Resign.

Mr. Stanton Given Time for Reflection.

He Will be Suspended If He Does Not Resign.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 9, 1867.

The regular Cabinet meeting was held to-day. All of the members were in attendance but Attorney General Stanbery and Secretary Stanton, the latter remaining in the discharge of his official duties at the War Department. The question of the power to supercede the Secretary of War, as well as to remove him under the civil tenure act, was resumed from the discussion of yesterday, and the President held, as he has all along, that he clearly can suspend Mr. Stanton from the exercise of his official functions, but Randall and Secretary Seward did not seem to warmly sustain that position. The Cabinet only appears to be a unit in agreeing that a member should resign on being requested by the President.

The Executive still professes to utterly ignore Secretary Stanton, but the latter continues to discharge his duties, and no order has been issued in any way interfering with them. The President said to-night that the whole matter would be held in abeyance for several days.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The *Intelligencer* says the statement that the President has ordered that no further communication be held with Mr. Stanton is inaccurate. So long as he is permitted to remain in office, official relation must exist. It does not follow, however, that he will attend Cabinet consultations. These are not held in virtue of law, but are purely discretionary with the President. who is neither obliged to confer with his Secretaries in formal meetings, nor is he restricted to the heads of the Departments, in seeking advice upon public affairs. We learn from a well informed source that it is the purpose of Mr. Johnson to allow the whole thing to remain in statu quo for a few days, giving time for reflection on the part of Mr. Stanton and the friends who advise him, as to the course he should pursue. If in two or three days he shall still persist in his refusal to resign, the President will suspend him by giving him notice substantially that he is thereby suspended from the further execution of the functions of the office of Secretary of War, and that the reason of this suspension will be submitted to the Senate at the next session of Congress.

THE INDIAN WAR.

More Outrages on the Union Pacific Road.

Reported Cleaning Out of Fort Wallace.

The following is an Omaha dispatch: Wednesday morning, at about one o'clock, the westward bound freight train on the Union Pacific railroad, was suddenly attacked by a large force of Indians, who also had placed obstructions on the track six miles west of Plum Creek station. The train was thrown from the track, and the engineer, Brooks Bowers, formerly of the Rock Island road, together with the fireman and two brakemen, were killed and scalped. The express car was fortunate, was badly demolished. The train, consisting of seventeen freight cars, was plundered and set on fire, and their merchandise destroyed. Value from $20,000 to $40,000.

The telegraphic operator on Plum Creek started on a hand-car, with three section men, to repair the wire shortly after, but was hotly pressed by Indians that the operator narrowly saved himself. The three men are missing, and are supposed to be killed. The line was put up this morning and is now in working order to the end of the road.

Plum Creek is about 230 miles west of Omaha, and a favorite crossing for the Indians. But little damage was done to the track.

Men are busy clearing away the wreck today. Much excitement exists along the entire line, and the Indians are reported to be menacing several stations further west. It is not known what band these Indians belong to, but it is supposed they come from the north, and it is rumored they were led by white men.

A dispatch was received from Topeka, Kansas, yesterday, stating that a report had reached there that Fort Wallace had been "cleaned out," and that the Indians were fighting the garrison at Fort Hayes. The dispatch was from a prominent railroad contractor.

ST. LOUIS, August 9.—An Omaha dispatch says: Gen. Sully and Col. Harker arrived from the mountains last night. Spotted Tail's band of Indians were broken up; part of them crossed the Platte yesterday, and were reported to have joined the Cheyennes on the war path. The settlers are fleeing to North Platte Station for protection. The steamer Antelope lies above Fort Benton completely riddled by bullets fired by the Sioux.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—A private letter from Arizona says the Indians are worse than ever. They are constantly engaged in killing settlers and stealing cattle. In all the depredations they have committed thus far but one Indian has been killed, and that was done by the Mexicans.

SURRATT'S TRIAL,

Fifty-Second Day---No Verdict Yet Agreed On.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—There is no indication of the Surratt jury coming down from their room into court, or of having agreed upon a verdict. The prisoner was visited at the jail this morning by his brother, Isaac Surratt. He is hopeful and in good spirits. He has not been brought from jail since Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—At 4:15 o'clock Judge Fisher received a communication from the jury, and sent a written reply. The subject of the correspondence has not transpired, but as the Judge handed his reply to the bailiff, he was heard to remark, "Tell him I will see about it before nightfall." He then got on a car and started for Georgetown. During the evening quite a crowd assembled in and about the court room and upon the steps of City Hall, in the fall expectation or some other disposition of the case to-night.

The principal theory now is, that there is a majority on side, and they refuse to ask to be discharged, but made up their minds and determined to worry the minority out. It is very certain a number of the jurors are very unconcerned about the matter, as this evening they for an hour engaged in singing. Their favorite tune seems to be "Home, Sweet Home." Mr. Birch, one of the jurors, has been very sick all day, but is somewhat better this evening.

At 8:45 o'clock the Deputy Marshal cleared the Court room and closed the doors, it being understood nothing definite will be known tonight from the jury.

MANSFIELD, OHIO.

Sad Accident---A Lad Crushed to Death Under a Wagon.

Special Dispatch to Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., August 9, 1857.

A melancholy accident occurred yesterday about two and a half miles east of Windsor, in Ashland county. Thos. Barton, a farmer, and his son, a lad of about fourteen years, were engaged in hauling in oats, and had the wagon partially loaded, when the father left his boy, who was on the load, in charge of the horses for a short time, while he was binding some sheaves a short distance away. During his absence the horses became frightened from some cause, ran away, throwing the boy off, the wheels passing over him, breaking a leg and arm, and crushing his breast in a frightful manner. He lived but a short time. The horses in their onward course struck a stump, partially wrecking the load, and taking a circuit of about two hundred yards, returned and struck the same stump, completing the wreck and entirely freeing themselves from the wagon.

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Death of two Victims of the Boiler Explosion.

(By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company.)

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WAYNESBURG, PA., August 9, 1867.

The persons injured by the explosion of the boiler on the 7th instant, have both died. The boy lived only about two and a half hours. Mr. Owens lived till last evening, and was buried this afternoon with Odd Fellows' ceremonies.

C. E. J.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Frightful Railroad Accident.

An Entire Passenger Train Precipitated Into the Sea.

But One Person Escapes Alive.

Death of the Ex-Queen of Naples.

British Troops to be Sent to Canada.

French Forces Occupying Cochin China.

Bill to Abolish Church Rites Rejected.

Troops to be Sent to Canada.

LONDON, August 9.—The Government will immediately dispatch a large body of troops to Canada to repel threatened Fenian invasions from the United States.

Church Rites Bill Rejected.

In the House of Lords last evening the bill to abolish church rites was rejected by a large majority.

French Occupation of Cochin China.

PARIS, August 9.—Dispatches received here confirm the previous announcement of the occupation of three provinces of Cochin China by the French forces.

Death of the Ex-Queen of Naples.

LONDON, August 9.—Dispatches received here announce the death of Marie Sophie Amelia, daughter of Maximilian Joseph, Duke of Bavaria, and ex-Queen of Naples.

Fearful Railroad Accident.

LONDON, August 9.—A terrible railroad casualty occurred at Bray Head, Wicklow County, Ireland, to-day. The Express train from Dublin for Wicklow, when at the above named locality, ran off the track and eight passenger coaches were precipitated into the sea. The railroad at that point runs along the summit of a high bluff. The loss of life was frightful. Only one person in the whole train, a man named Morris, escaped alive.

The Postal Treaty.

LONDON, Evening, August 9.—In the House of Lords, this evening, the Government submitted the new postal treaty with the United States for reducing the rates of postage between the two countries.

The Killing of Captain Speer.

In the Commons, this evening, in answer to an inquiry, Lord Stanly, foreign Secretary, said Sir Frederick Bruce, British Minister at Washington, had been empowered to investigate the matter of the recent killing of Captain Speer by a United States soldier.

The Railroad Accident.

Thirty persons were killed outright by the railroad accident at Brag Head to-day. Right Hon. G. Hawthorne Hardy, Home Secretary, in the Commons this evening, in reply to a question, said the Fenian prisoners were treated better than any of the others.

The Reform Bill.

The reform bill having been returned from the Commons, a motion was made to-night in the Lords to reconsider its action upon disagreeing amendments. After some debate the consideration of the subject was fixed for the 12th inst.

London Markets.

LONDON, August 9, Noon.—Consols, 94¾; Erie, 44¾; Illinois, 72¾; Bonds firmer at 73¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 22¾.

LONDON, August 9, Evening.—Bonds, 73¾; Erie, 45. LONDON, August 9, Evening.—Consols closed at 94¾; Erie, 45¾; Illinois, 72¾; Five Twenties, 73½; Atlantic and Great Western bonds, 20.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, August 9, Noon.—Cotton quiet and steady. Sales last week 66,000 bales. Stock in port 734,000 bales—342,000 American.

LATER—P. M.—Breadstuffs firmer.

LIVERPOOL, August 9, Evening.—Cotton firm, though the quotations are unchanged; sales 10,000 bales.

Manchester market for goods and yarns firmer, with more business.

Breadstuffs market quiet and steady. Corn 38s 6d. Provisions generally quiet. Lard, however, advanced 6s. Pork 6d. Beef unchanged. Tallow 78s. Bacon 44s.

Produce quiet and quotations without material alteration.

Antwerp Petroleum Market.

ANTWERP, August 9.—Petroleum advanced to 47½ francs for standard white.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 9, 1867.

ARRIVAL FROM GREYTOWN.

The steamship San Francisco, from Greytown, with California passengers, arrived today.

NEW ORPHAN ASYLUM.

The Catholic community of New York are erecting a new male orphan asylum on the corner of Fifty-second street and Madison Avenue. The building will be a very handsome one, costing about $875,000.

ARRESTS.

John Hoyt and Theodore Shultz have been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery in January last of the porter of Maas & Co., of United States gold certificates for over $10,000. Hoyt alleges he bought one of the bonds at Schultz's office of one W. J. Sharkey, who is not yet secured.

SWINDLED.

W. J. McConstand, of Dayton, Ohio, was swindled by an emigrant agent, Patrick McDonald, yesterday, but through the agency of the police recovered his money, some $800.

ESCAPE OF COUNTERFEITERS.

Adrian Harey and Charles E. Ulrick, expert counterfeiters, escaped from Kings county penitentiary.

CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.

The opera singer, purchased her old homestead at New Hartford, last week, and after her return from Europe this fall, will retire from the stage to private life there.

THADDEUS STEVENS

writes that he will offer a bill at the next session, providing for the confiscation of the estates of those rebels and slaveholders who discharge negroes for voting the Republican ticket.

DEATH PENALTY ABOLISHED.

In the Hayden constitution recently adopted, the punishment of death for political offences has been abolished.

DEATH OF JUDGE SCHRUGHAM.

Judge Schrugham, of the Supreme Court of this State, died at Yonkers to-day.

BALTIMORE.

Collision Between Vessels---Three Lives Lost.

BALTIMORE, August 9.—The steamer Wilson Wall, plying between this port and Choptank river, collided last night with the steamer Mary Augusta, off Poplar Island, the former sinking in thirty minutes. It is reported that three of her passengers were drowned; the remainder were safely landed on Poplar Island. The Mary Augusta arrived this morning in tow of the steamer Louisiana. She is badly damaged, and was compelled to throw overboard about 100 boxes peaches to prevent her sinking. The passengers of the Wilson Small were brought by the Louisiana and Mary Augusta. The statements are conflicting, the Captain of each steamer blaming the other for the accident. The Wilson Small was valued at $25,000; fully insured.

Ravages of the Worm in Louisiana and Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, August 9.—The cotton crop advices from the lower river parishes of Louisiana and the counties of Mississippi are quite unfavorable. In all the lower parishes of Louisiana the worm is at work to an alarming extent. In Point Boupee the destruction was so complete and thorough that some plantations were abandoned. Another statement says that from the Tensas river gloomy accounts are received. Not only every plantation is suffering, but those in safety to-day are looking for the visitation to-morrow.

Collection of Taxes in North Carolina.

WILMINGTON, August 9.—The Sheriff and tax collectors report unexampled difficulty in the collection of State and county taxes. Some parties still refuse to pay the State taxes on the ground that the State government has no practical existence, and believing the sheriff will not be allowed to distrain for non-payment of taxes.

There has been heavy rain all day, and much suffering among vegetation.

Extensive Fire in Bangor.

BANGOR, ME., August 9.—Grover's steam works, Gillis & Merrill's furniture manufactory, Hill's theater, and a considerable amount of other property was burned this morning. Loss $300,000; no insurance. Several firemen were injured by overwork.

Death of Abby Folsom.

CONCORD, N. H., August 9.—Abby Folsom, for many years conspicuous at anti-slavery and other progressive meetings, died in Rochester yesterday.

MEXICO.

Foreign Ministers Still Unmolested.

Correspondence Between Seward and Romero.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Mexican advices state that the Foreign Ministers in Mexico City were still unmolested, awaiting orders from their respective governments. The diplomatic correspondence between Secretary Seward and Minister Romero is published, in which Seward acknowledges the receipt of a letter signed by Santa Anna, stating that he went ashore at Sisal voluntarily.

HAVANA, August 5.—The British steamer Tyne has arrived from Vera Cruz. Santa Anna had been brought to Vera Cruz by a Mexican man-of-war, and was to be tried for conspiracy against the Government. A reward of ten thousand dollars has been offered for the arrest of Marquez. The diplomatic corps expected to leave Mexico in a body, and would be ready in time to take passage by the French steamer for Panama. Every thing was quiet at the Capitol, and order was being rapidly restored by the energy of the Government. Trouble from the Indians continues. The *Monitor*, of Pachuca, says a courier passed Orizaba with news of the capture of Marquez at Hacienda Pusedores. The Mexican Government schooner Juarez arrived at Vera Cruz on the 30th, having on board Santa Anna's wife and family.

HAVANA.

Progress in Laying the New Ocean Cable.

HAVANA, August 5, via New Orleans, August 9.—The steamer Navarre, engaged in laying the Cable, has arrived. She started from Key West Saturday morning, and laid two and a half miles of three sizes, buoyed at the end. The average rate of paying out the cable was four miles per hour. The United States men-of-war Tohoma and Fountain, and the Spanish vessel Francisco De Asise, accompanied her, but no assistance was required. The Navarre was beginning operations at 5 P. M., and starts to-morrow for Key West.

The mail steamer from Cadiz arrived to-day, bringing the new Postmaster General.

A society is being formed to promote immigration of white laborers from Spain. The *Diario* insists that the United States Government has been a party to the indiscriminate shooting of prisoners in Mexico by the Liberals, and calls for a demonstration of European governments against America, in order to cause their common rights to be respected throughout the continent.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Political---Indian Operations in Arizona ---Receipts of Central Pacific Railroad ---Chile and Peru.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 6.—The Independent Union Committee nominated Caleb L. Fay, merchant of San Francisco, for Governor; R. R. Nickerson, Secretary of State. The regular Union ticket is gaining strength.

More troops are being sent to Arizona. The operations against the Indians will be more vigorously pressed.

The receipts of the Central Pacific Railroad for July were about $175,000 in gold.

Advices from the Sandwich Islands to July 13th say the King has named William C. Junaldo as successor in case of his death. The Fourth of July was enthusiastically celebrated at Honolulu. There was great excitement in Valparaiso and Lima on July 9th and 13th, over the news by the French mails, confirmed by overland from Buenos Ayres, that the Spanish fleet under Mendez Nunez had left Cuba to renew hostilities against Chile and Peru.

THE TURF.

Races at Saratoga---Best Three-year-old Time in the Country.

SARATOGA, August 9.—The first race for McDaniels's Lexington colt. Time: 2:41½, the fastest in this country by three year olds with 110 pounds up. Sleety and Bonny Doon were the competitors of the Lexington colt, and Sleety ran almost head and head throughout, but the former at last won by four lengths.

The Saratoga stakes for two year olds, distance three-fourths of a mile, Mr. Travers's filly, sister to Ruthless, won after a splendid race by a head, beating Northumberland and four others.

The third race, two and a half miles, was won by Captain Morris's horse Beacon, beating Ear Ring. Time: 4:48½.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

The *Times'* special says: Some of the Washington detectives have reported the discovery of a plot to rescue the prisoner Surratt, which may have had some foundation, but it has been nipped in the bud. It is certain that the hotels in the immediate vicinity of the Court House have been unusually crowded, and that their guests have mainly been Baltimoreans, secessionists from the rebel counties of Maryland, adjoining the District. A man who has been arrested as ringleader in the supposed plot, asserted that the big job was to be executed to-night, and is presumed to have referred to an attempt to take the prisoner from the guard of policemen who accompany him to and from the jail, after the reception of the disagreeing of the jury, which was expected to-night. The jail is located about four hundred yards from the Court House, and the avenue leading to it runs through a park, and is lined on each side with rows of trees.

It has been ascertained that General Grant has virtually been responsible for the delay in the issue of the order removing Sheridan, as he has objected to the transfer of officers of the rank required by the reconstruction acts from the duties in which they are now engaged, on the ground that the exigencies of the public service demand that they shall be retained in their positions. It is certain that the numerous appeals from the President's friends, advising him not to remove Sheridan, have had some effect, and it is probable that the order may be further delayed; but it is asserted by those who should know, that it will be issued before the 15th instant.

Bishop Atkinson, of North Carolina, sails for Europe to-day.

Jerry O'Brien, the murderer, has just expiated his crime on the gallows in New York. He died like a brave man, firm but not insensible to the terrible scenes about him. He spoke only to forgive the law officers and to thank the priests.

The Fenian National Congress is ordered to meet at New York on the 21st inst.

Secretary Welles and family have gone to Connecticut.

Rev. Dr. Hall, of Dublin, has been called to the Fifth avenue Presbyterian church, New York, at a salary of six thousand dollars and a fashionable mansion.

A Richmond special says: A convention of ex-officers and soldiers of the Federal army, now residing in Richmond, will be held here on Saturday, for the purpose of taking preliminary steps towards calling a grand convention of all the discharged soldiers of the Union in the State of Virginia.

A Philadelphia dispatch says: The jury in the case of the recent Mead street wharf calamity have rendered a verdict, making the cause of the giving way of the wharf purely accidental.

A man named Wm. O. Ro[illegible] sued the St. Louis *Democrat* for libel, in [illegible] ing that he attempted to kill his child with a hatchet while in a cross fit. He claims ten thousand dollars. The wife of Robinson says the statement is true, and that she received a severe wound in the arm while trying to shield the child from assault.

James Buchanan is at Cape May and attracts considerable attention. President Johnson is expected there next week with Chief Justice Chase. Gen. Meade continues at Long Branch.

An elderly lady named Catharine Neville committed suicide by hanging, at her residence in Philadelphia, on Thursday. She had been in low spirits for some weeks.

Crop reports continue favorable from all parts of the country that have not recently been deluged with rain.

For some unexplained reason the receipts from internal revenue have suddenly fallen from one million to half a million per day.

A number of Southern men, friendly to the administration, are opposing the removal of Phil. Sheridan as unwise, and as likely to result in the end injuriously to the South. The tone of many Southern journals is to the same effect.

The ram Stonewall, which has been sold to the Japanese Government, sailed from the Washington Navy Yard direct for Japan, in charge of Capt. Brown, of the Navy, and two Japanese commissioners.

In order to more effectually prevent frauds in the sale of whisky, the Treasury Department contemplates issuing at no distant day a plan to supercede the revenue boards, and to perfect the inspection service.

General Grant still opposes the removal of Sheridan. The President is determined to replace him as soon as he can find a suitable man to take his place.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Surratt Jury Unable to Agree.

They Ask to be Discharged.

The Recommendation to Mercy of Mrs. Surratt.

Arrest of Americans in Great Britain.

Interesting Report of the State Department.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, August 9, 1867.

The Surratt Jury

Sent a sealed note to Judge Fisher this evening, stating that although a majority of them were for conviction, they were unable to agree, and asked to be discharged. The Judge replied that the trial had lasted eight weeks, and the Jury ought to take another day and endeavor to make up a verdict. They will therefore be kept out until to-morrow.

The President and Mrs. Surratt.

A careful investigation has been made of the facts and circumstances attending the presentation to the President of the recommendation of the Military Commission that the sentence of Mrs. Surratt be commuted to imprisonment, and there hardly seems to be any doubt but what the document was laid before Mr. Johnson and examined by him. Sworn testimony as to what he said regarding it can be furnished, and the officer who made up the record of the Court says it was attached to the last sheet on which was the sentence of Mudd and following the page with this sentence and the one of recommendation to mercy comes the President's approval of the sentence passed in each conspirator's case. As the record appears on file in the Department, the approval could not have been made without the recommendation of mercy being seen.

Personal.

Postmaster General Randall left to-night for New York, to sail for Europe to meet his family.

Arrest of Americans in Ireland.

The State Department, in obedience to a request emanating from the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, relative to the arrest, trial and punishment of American citizens in Great Britain, for acts done or spoken in the United States, has made the following report: That upon examination of voluminous papers relating to the arrest, trial, conviction and sentence of American citizens in Great Britain and Ireland, no case is found reported where the proceedings were based solely upon words spoken or acts done in this country. The case approximating most nearly to that character of which the Department have information, is that of John McCafferty.

The prisoner, a native citizen of the United States, was convicted of high treason at Dublin. Among errors assigned by his counsel as entitling him to an appeal and reversal of judgment is this, that no direct evidence was offered on his trial of any act of hostility to the British Government committed by him within its territory except that of one Corrydon, an informer; that the only other evidence consistad of acts done in the United States, and of circumstances of suspicion affecting him in Ireland and England, and that upon such evidence his counsel insisted at the trial there was no proof sufficient to warrant conviction, requiring two witnesses to high treason. In the report of that trial forwarded to the Department, the Attorney General is stated to have told the jury that the prisoner was responsible for [illegible] on the realm, and Justice Fitzgerald, who presided at the trial, charged the jury that they were not to convict the prisoner at the bar, clear as might be the proof that he conspired to overthrow the Queen, unless there was established beyond all doubt an overt act within the county of Dublin, for which he was responsible.

The questions raised by Mr. McCafferty's counsel upon the trial were brought before the Court of Criminal Appeals, which upheld the judgment. An effort was then made by the prisoner's counsel to obtain the allowance of a writ of error, under the mode of procedure in

The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1867.

THE COMMERCIAL *is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.*

THE most sensible as well as the most recent expression which has come from the South, is that of opposition to the removal of SHERIDAN. It has finally come to be seen that the only effect of any further attempt on the part of the President to interfere with the operation of the laws of Congress will be to increase the stringency of the Congressional policy, and that will but increase the rapidity and force of the blows necessary to subdue the spirit which throughout four years endeavored to overthrow the Government, and now worries itself in the vain hope of being able to resist the consequences.

THE hardest thing on the "inflation of the currency" is an accidental hit from the latest inventor of a flying machine. He has succeeded in evading or counteracting all the laws of aerostatics; he has his principles of buoyancy and guidance, for his air vessel, well defined, and all he lacks now for a complete success is money. Hydrogen gas is not enough for levity to the new air vessel; it must have money as an auxiliary. The aeronaut must be stronger than the New York *Herald* in the belief of an inflated currency. But "money," according to an ancient proverb, "makes the mare go," and why not the balloon?

THE latest depredations by the Indians rather upset the moral suasion idea. The perpetrators are said to be Indians the Government has for some time back been feeding. If this is the way they show their gratitude and friendship, the feeding process had better stop. We understand that the only hope of avoiding a general difficulty and a war of extermination—that is of the Indians and the Treasury—is that the new Board of Commissioners may induce the savages to settle on some distant reservation, there to live in peace and quiet. To this end an effort is to be made; but we do not understand that any one has much confidence in it succeeding.

IT is estimated that not less than twenty thousand men who had been rebel soldiers voted at the Kentucky elections this week. The usual amount of killing of loyal men and negroes is recorded along with the Democratic triumph of forty thousand. The following from a Lexington letter reads as a matter of course:

"We have a good deal of talk about calling a Radical Convention to meet in Frankfort some time in September, at which the Radical party will be reorganized, come out straight for negro suffrage, the repudiation of the laws, and reconstruction of the State by Congress. It is said the negroes will elect delegates to this Convention, and if denied seats will hold a Convention of their own—a white and tan Convention, without distinction of color, which will ask Congress for black suffrage, and reconstruction may be looked for."

Kentucky is one of the fittest States for reconstruction in the list, and with reference to her it is but "a question of time."

THE strong vote in the Michigan Constitutional Convention in favor of prohibition, and the refusal of the Convention to submit the question separately, are significant signs of the times. The wisdom of such an extreme measure may be questioned. Nevertheless, it shows the popular tendency. This comes necessarily from the universal and still growing evil of intemperance—not the intemperance of former days; but an all-consuming epidemic that gathers its victims by scores, and from all ranks and classes. If by a clause in her Constitution Michigan shall be fortunate enough to exterminate this plague, it will be a happy day for her citizens. The attempt will be watched with an absorbing interest by the other States, not less afflicted than she.

THE valuation of property, under the internal revenue law, shows very generally an increase. Taking the period of six or seven years, the advance has been great. The Southern States cannot, of course, be embraced in this remark, although individuals in favorable localities have, no doubt, added considerably to their property. The depreciation and loss consequent on the rebellion are immense. In Virginia the valuation, according to the census of 1860, was: Real estate, $494,898,327; and personal, including, we presume, the chattels human, $588,288,351. It was the fourth in wealth among the States, and the second in personal property, being only exceeded in this item by New York. The next census will show a wonderful shrinkage of wealth in that great commonwealth, besides the marvel of half its personal property being metamorphosed into personal, responsible, free people.

THE French Legislative body had lately an excited and rather noisy debate on the loss of life and the expenditure of money in the Franco-Mexican expedition. The Government side aimed to represent both as inconsiderable, while a tendency to exaggeration appeared in the speeches of the members of the opposition. As the accounts are not published, nor even laid before the Legislative body, no means are furnished for judging of the actual losses of life and treasure. The range of statements is from 270,000,000 francs, on the Government side, to 600,000,000 on the side of the opposition. But what we notice particularly in the debate, is the violent and noisy interruptions of members while speaking. This appears to be the fashion, in the French Chambers, and it does not tend to elevate our ideas of French politeness. The unseemly accompaniments of Parliamentary debate are jotted down in the reports, as "noise," "movements on some benches," "interruptions," "approbation" and cries of "vote!" "vote!" "no," "no." The opposition in the body is a minority, but its members are bold, decided and plain speaking.

THE Gettysburg *Star and Sentinel* with much force remarks that while constitutional reform should not be lost sight of, the people should continually bear in mind the importance of "electing to places of trust men who will hold themselves above and beyond all corrupt influences, indirect or otherwise." For most of the evils so much complained of a remedy rests in the hands of the people themselves. The evils have arisen from permitting dishonest and incompetent men to obtain possession of the offices from high to low. Our Legislature has become corrupt because men willing to sell themselves have so generally been chosen. There is no constitutional remedy that will reach this evil. The people are the source of the evil and the remedy both—perhaps it would be more proper to say, the politicians are the cause of the evil and the remedy rests solely with the people. This is an every day, perfectly palpable fact. Conventions fall into the hands of small politicians in the service of aspirants. These aspirants generally are the architects of the ruin that has been worked to our reputation at home and abroad. There is nothing to which it is more important the people should become aroused than this. It is time they took possession of their conventions and presented nominees to support whom would bring the blush to the cheek of no man.

IT is somewhat questionable taste, indeed with so little discretion as to more than justify the prevalent impression that, on all matters connected with memories of her late husband, she is the victim of a monomania little short of absolute lunacy, Queen VICTORIA has just caused to be published the first part of a history of her courtship and married life, edited nominally by Sir GEORGE GREY, formerly confidential equerry to Prince ALBERT, but evidently dictated and arranged by herself. Of the way in which she and the prince, incited thereto by shrewd and judicious relatives, grew up to regard themselves as made for each other; of how, when she became queen at eighteen years of age, her head was just a little bit turned, and the idea entered it of postponing matrimony for three or four years; of how ALBERT coming to release her from any fancied engagement, smote her young affections with irresistible effect, and caused her to offer her hand and heart upon the spot—of all these and many kindred collateral things, her reminiscences can only be described as gushing. It is true she lays before her readers epistolary confidences that were clearly never intended for the public eye, but it seems as if her woman's heart was so full to overflowing of inexpressible love for him whom she lost, as to render it a necessity for her to give to some one the open confidence which insures sincere sympathy. And to whom should a Queen give her confidence if not to her whole people?

MIGHT AND RIGHT

When consciousness of power and respect for right co-exist and co-operate in the administration of the affairs of nations, they go on prosperously. Domestic interests are protected and justice controls the foreign relations. This ideal is not always, we might say not often, realized in the "Family of Nations." Might too frequently takes precedence of right in the consideration of ruling powers. The great nations of Europe are at this hour occupied with computations of comparative strength. The nice balance of power has been disturbed, and no spontaneous adjustment of it appears probable. Hence spring the estimates and the speculative measurements of the powers of the different nations, both by themselves and by each other.

The rapid development of interior strength in Russia, accompanied by exterior aspirations, especially in the direction of the Bosphorus, is, probably, one latent element of apprehension. More conspicuous, though, perhaps, not more real, is the sudden accession of power by Prussia—the *result* of such aspirations. And the immediate ground of apprehension is, that for mutual interest these may combine and by might—right being put in abeyance—endanger the peace of Europe, from West to East. Such alliance is believed in fact to have been formed, although its immediate purposes are not definitely even conjectured. The article in the Edinburg *Review*, which has attracted attention and comment, refers to this supposed Russo-Prussian alliance. The following sentence, coming from a British pen, is remarkable, as showing at once how serious is the apprehension of danger, and how changed is the tone of England towards her old and hereditary enemy. The writer says:

"We do not conceal our opinion that the power, and even the superiority, of the French army, is an essential condition of the liberty and independence of Europe. France has certainly given liberty to others, even while she denied it to herself; and if the future had in store a military combination between the powers of the North—the forces of Germany backed by the forces of Russia—it is only by a vicious circle that the ultimate cause of France with this country is to be found. Let the cause of Western civilization, and perhaps the independence of the East, can be upheld. No traces of past rivalry and animosity, no apprehension of future differences, stake our faith in the alliance of France and Great Britain as the best security of public law and of peace; and we therefore regard the efficiency of the French army with an interest second only to that which we feel in the efficiency of our own forces. It cannot too often be repeated that the peace of Europe is the interest of England, not by sentiment, but by necessity, and that the change in the distribution of power."

There is among the affiliated nations of Europe, a sort of modified States' rights doctrine maintained of necessity, denominated by them the balance of power. The moving of the Schleswig pebble from one scale to the other disturbed the equilibrium recently, and fierce war ensued. To move the Venice pebble from one scale to the other, a little while ago, Southern Europe was convulsed with alarms and battles. And even now the estimates of power are made, irrespective of right, with reference to the transfer of other fractions of European territory from their old masters to new ones. Russia has not withdrawn her spectral eyes from the domain of the Sultan. Nor, probably, has France relinquished hopes of perfecting her boundary towards the Rhine. These chemes of accession and others, whether real or imaginary, can not fail to excite both interest and apprehension among the great powers themselves, as well as among those which are marked for appropriation by might without right. The success of Prussia and her subsequent impunity and haughty bearing, at once excite the fears of the other great nations, and stimulate their ambition for similar achievements.

For a little time after our triumph over the rebellion, the consciousness of power exhilited itself among us, in boastful and even in menacing speech. It was the natural outflow of the occasion. But the normal principle of respect for right speedily asserted itself, and its claims, as heretofore, met with a prompt and almost universal response. For our nation, right is the first thing to be decided on, and then power, ample and suitable, will rally for its support.

PENALTY FOR VOTING.

There would be no limit to the rumpus that would be made here, if, after an election, Republican employers, manufacturers, railroad superintendents and citizens should discharge their laborers for voting the Democratic ticket. Yet we have not heard the first whisper of Democratic indignation at the like treatment of laboring men in Tennessee, who are visited with rebel vengeance because they voted the Republican ticket. Hence the amiable and impartial members of the party are so eager for the chance of heaping odium of that kind upon the Republicans, that their ingenuity invents occasion and their fertile imagination supplies them with facts by the speech-full. But if the proscribed voter be a negro and not an Irishman, and live in Tennessee and not in Pennsylvania, it is all right and lovely in Democratic eyes.

How the Tennessee policy will work, in the long run, remains to be seen. Without labor, plantations will not be likely to pay well. It perpetuates and increases the antipathy between the races, in the practical and natural working of which the white persecutors have no advantage over the proscribed blacks. So that, it is but the old madness of exhibiting a passion that will recoil upon themselves, or, according to the proverb, damaging their own nose to spite their face. The relation of employer and employed cannot be modified by color, and in their disordered state of society they must take the labor that they have or go without. White laborers will seek fields of toil where civil rights can be enjoyed in freedom.

Temperance Convention in Bedford.

There was a meeting in Bedford on the 30th ult. of Temperance and Church organizations over which, on motion of Hon. John Cessna, Rev. A. W. Decker presided. Steps were taken to effect a thorough organization and for public meetings, to be held quarterly on the last Wednesday of October, January, April and July.

IT WAS not an excess of modesty that induced the Chicago *Tribune* to say "there is no part of the United States which offers facilities, comforts and elegancies of a summer resort equal to Chicago." If Chicago is not a little ahead of every other place in the known world, and for every reason you may name, it will not be because the press of that city fail to set up the claim. But as a summer resort its advantages have not heretofore been so conspicuous. Precisely what they are, even the most vivid imagination will be somewhat at a loss to conceive. Are the stock yards among these? Are those disgusting thing called rivers and canals to be ranked among the "elegancies of a summer resort?" Or is the claim predicated on the stifling land breeze freighted with the odors of innumerable slaughter-houses, of which the inward-bound traveler has such a delightful foretaste, the basis of the claim? We wish our contemporary would specify.

THE French are generally regarded, at once, the most polite and mercurial of all civilized people. If the first quality was not illustrated the other day by M. de Cassagnac, Jr., son of the editor of *Le Pays*, the second certainly was. M. de Cassagnac followed a M. Vermoul through the streets of Paris, resenting some real or fancied grievance by spitting all over him. What the proceeding lacked in politeness it certainly made up for in the mercurial character-istic at least—it was the most literal piece of salivation imaginable.

THE Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* says that during the recent interview Grant told the President that Sheridan must not be removed; that he (Grant) intended to sustain him, and that he felt sure the people would in turn sustain him. The writer adds: "Sheridan still continued in his command, and it seems probable that he will remain where he is. If it be true that he is retained through Grant's influence is it not humiliating?" Very humiliating, undoubtedly!

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Swiss hold their elections on Sunday for the purpose of securing the sanctity of the ballot box, and impressing the voters with a due sense of the solemnity and importance of the work they are engaged in.

A pork-packer, named Edward White, has been arrested at Milwaukee, charged with fraud. Last Spring he sold what purported to be pork, beef and lard, to the amount of $20,000, taking the Dock Company's receipts therefor. The money was raised on the receipts, but the barrels thought to contain pork and lard, were recently ascertained to be filled with sand. The Milwaukee Dock Company, O. J. Hale & Blaskington, and Armour, are the principal losers.

The reports of the grape crop in Ohio are very favorable, and the Cincinnati Wine Growers' Association have cheering intelligence from all quarters. They announce officially, that the prospect is, "that the yield of grapes this season will be unprecedented by any year since 1850. Such is the report all over the country. In most localities the fruit hangs in heavy and perfect clusters."

The Supreme Court of Iowa has rendered a decision declaring National Banks not taxable, as the law of the State now stands. Judge Cole dissents from this opinion.

The average annual fall of rain for thirty years, from 1836 to 1866, was 44.62 inches. During the first seven months of this year the fall amounted to 26.50 inches. If, during the succeeding five months, only an average amount of rain should fall, the total would be about 57 or 58 inches.

Another gold mine has been discovered in Madoc, Canada, which is represented to be equally as rich as the Richardson mine. There is very little news from other sections of the gold regions, but the prospects are reported as highly promising.

Some idea of the enormous consumption of baked beans in Boston on the Sabbath may be gathered from the fact that one baker at the South End, who sells these edibles by the quart, already cooked, disposed of no less than six bushels of baked beans last Sunday morning, or about two hundred quarts, at sixteen cents a quart, and this is in a vicinity where cooking stoves are abundant and many people bake their own.

A congregation at Clinton Mills, N. Y., were considerably surprised last Sunday to find that the preacher to whom they had been listening for several Sabbaths was a woman. She fainted away during the service, when the deception was discovered. She had pretended to be destitute, having given away one of her coats and her last dollar to a beggar, and the people who contributed to her assistance have since arrested her for procuring money under false pretences.

Since the close of the testimony in the Surratt case, a man has arrived who rode with Surratt on the 13th, on the special train from Elmira to Harrisburg, and a third party from the interior gives the information that he met Surratt in Washington on the 14th, and shook hands and conversed with him.

Somebody in Paris has constructed an apparatus which not only marks on a dial the distance traveled by a cab, by means of an index worked by the rotation of the wheels, but which also indicates the distance it would have run at five miles an hour during any time it may have been kept standing after the hiring has commenced. When the reform comes into operation, all fares are to be charged by the distance.

At a recent meeting of the London Economical Society, five new schemes for dying were introduced. Three of these were on paper and two more in models. The London papers say, however, that it does not appear that any plan has so far been put to the test as to enable its promoter to flutter about his garden and light on the "wall tops."

The Hudson Bay Company possesses a territory of two and a half millions of square miles which is thirty-eight times as large as the State of New York. Vancouver's Island is as big as England, and British Columbia as big as Spain. So says Townsend, who has been taking notes among the Britishers.

An impression exists in London that the Viceroy of Egypt left England in a "huff," owing to his not receiving the Garter. He is now in Paris, but silent and unimportant, as one who has experienced reverses. So says the *Court Journal*.

The following is a statement of the ordinary fire department expenses of different cities, per annum: New York, $869,934; Chicago, $245,500; Boston, $102,098; Cincinnati, $141,000; Baltimore, $73,000; Buffalo, $46,470.

PERSONAL.

—The acting Minister of the Interior in France is an American. He was born in Boston, and his father's name was Welles. When he was four years old, his parents went with him to France, where the Marquis de Lavalette took a liking to him and finally adopted him. Some seven or eight years ago, an Imperial decree naturalized him as a FRENCH subject, and he then he called himself Welles Comte de Lavalette. He made himself notorious by his ultra-imperialism and was rewarded by being put up at the last elections as Government candidate for a seat in the Corps Legislatif. The opposition candidate twitting him with his foreign descent, and that a native of the United States looked singular in playing the role of an ultra-imperialist, Welles issued a card, which he indignantly repudiated the country of his birth and claimed that he had become a Frenchman from the bottom of his heart. His district being overwhelmingly Bonapartistic, he was, of course, elected, and after the Marquis de Lavalette became Minister of the Interior, he appointed Welles his under-secretary. Whenever the Minister is temporarily absent from Paris, Welles has charge of the administration of this important department.

—Gen. Gilmore, of Charleston engineering memory, is the owner of an extensive vineyard at Black River, Elyria, Ohio. He has 11,000 vines planted, embracing three varieties, Catawbas, Delawares and Jonas. A part of his vineyard is underdrained, and the remainder will be completed this fall. He assures us that he found his vines looking thrifty and promising, and there is every prospect of success in his enterprise. This is the largest vineyard owned by one person on the lake shore.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger* in an article reviewing the financial career of Sir Morton Peto, says: "It is said that while in this country, some of his proposals were of so questionable a character in regard to his great western railroad scheme that one of our ablest railroad managers, after an interview with him, declared that if things were to be managed as he said, the credit of the whole would be destroyed in less than two years. His visit here, his banquets and compliments, were nothing but an immense method of pushing his credit to the utmost possible limit, and by advertising in London the gigantic nature of his railway plans in the United States, floated off bubbles large enough to keep his credit good.

—Rev. M. M. Marco, of La Crosse, Wisconsin, who has just returned from Europe, was exceptionally and tastefully recognized by the Empress Eugenie, who gave him a gold chalice of beautiful workmanship. Its height is one foot nine inches. On the pedestal are representations of the crucifixion. The column presents an angel with wings. There is also an inscription and the Imperial seal. The Reverend gentleman is further favored. In Rome he received a rosary of silver and pearl, and since his return home a lady of the Astor House has sent him an elegant white veil for the chalice.

—Old Mr. Tzschirner, who in May, 1849, was a member of the Provisional Government of Saxony, and afterwards lived for ten years in New York, is now an inmate of the poor house in his native city of Bantzen. His political friends are subscribing money, in order to extricate him from his disgraceful position.

—Oscar Berker, who in 1861 fired a shot at King William of Prussia, and who was pardoned last year out of the Brushgal penitentiary, on condition of his emigrating to the United States, went mad a short time after his arrival in America, and is now confined in one of our lunatic asylums.

—Colonel William Gilpin, formerly a resident of Jackson county, where he was well known, but latterly Governor of Colorado Territory, is now said to be one of the wealthiest men in the West, having recently sold a tract of land for $2,700,000.

—In her memoir of Prince Albert, the Queen uses the word merry in a sense not common on our side of the water. She speaks of the Prince as "amiable, natural, unaffected and merry," and she dwells with great comfort upon the solid pleasures of a "peaceful, quiet, yet merry life" in the country, as far more durable than the amusements of London.

MEDICINAL LIQUORS.

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85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

CHOLERA, CHOLERA.

With the almost certain advent of Cholera with the coming of the Spring, no thoughtful person will be unprepared for it. Secure a remedy at once—that is conceded to be the most certain antidote—that has cured once, will cure again, and never fails. Such a new is here, and untried article, when an old and reliable article can be had. When the cholera visited us two or three years ago, it was found by experience that FLEMING'S CHOLERA MIXTURE was the best, and superceded all others. Before it stands to reason that, if you would have an article that you can depend on, you should purchase it to the exclusion of all others. Sold only by

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,
Corner of the Diamond and Market st.

Remember the place. Remember the place, 84 Market street.

THE PRIZE APPLE PARER—THE

Lightning Apple Parer, proved by two years' use, and hundreds of testimonials, to be the best Apple Parer now in use. I have been appointed Manufacturer's Agent, where dealers can be supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

JAMES BOWN,
136 WOOD STREET.
WS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS,

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST MARKET PRICES

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Woodward's Rural Art—Architecture, Landscape Gardening and Rural Art, No. 1, for 1867 ..... $1 00
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McPherson's Political Manual, for 1867 ..... 1 00
Alice Forbes of Howglen; a novel by George Macdonald, A. M., author of Annals of a Quiet Neighborhood, &c. 75
Thomas Ward in London 1 50
What is Free Trade; by Emilie Walter, a worker 1 00
Wool Growing; by Gail Hamilton 2 00
Essentials of the Principles and Practices of Medicine; a handbook for Students and Practitioners; by H. Hartshorne, M. D. 2 37

DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
93 Wood street.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

DRY GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

BROWN SHEETINGS,
BLEACHED SHEETINGS
SHIRTINGS,
TICKINGS AND
FURNITURE CHECKS,
TABLE DIAPERS,
PLAIN FLANNELS,
HEAVY BARRED FLANNELS,
JEANS AND CASSIMERES,
COVERLETS,
HONEY COMB and
MARSEILLES QUILTS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES and
NOTIONS of all kinds,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

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"FULLERTON'S"

FREEPORT

BARRED FLANNELS.

We are the AGENTS for the sale of this well known make.

Fullerton's Barred Flannels

SOLD AT MILL PRICE.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

115 WOOD STREET.

FREEPORT

BARRED FLANNELS.

The undersigned are the SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these

CELEBRATED FLANNELS.

M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO.,

NO. 103 WOOD STREET.

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

China, Glass, Queensware,

BOHEMIAN AND LAVA

FANCY GOODS,

SILVER PLATED

AND

BRITTANIA WARE,

TABLE CUTLERY,

Tea Trays, &c., &c.

100 Wood Street.

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EUGENE LANGEN'S

PATENT SHELVING GRATES

And Smokeless Furnaces.

The above are offered to different Manufacturers and Steamboatmen. These Furnaces permit a smokeless combustion of any fuel, produce an intense heat; are very saving; carry the steam, and prevent always a cool fire front. Over 8,000 are already in operation. Different constructions of Grates made on the most approved principle, can be furnished at a short notice to suit any furnace or steam boiler.

Address Postoffice Box No. 172 Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. S. MEISSNER,

Sole Agent for Eugene Langen in the U. S.

D. L. SMITH..... A. S. SEATON..... G. G. SEATON.

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY,

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

LOCAL COLLECTING AGENTS,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, Second Floor. P. O. Box 541.

Bills of all descriptions taken for Collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.

BREECH-LOADING DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS—I have just received a fine assortment of the above Guns, of my own importation, direct from one of the best makers in Europe, which I am selling at much lower rates than they can be purchased from the jobbing houses in New York or Philadelphia.

JAMES BOWN,
136 WOOD STREET.
WS

TEA SETS

IN BRITTANIA OR SILVER PLATE.

ODD PIECES in the same, at the Housefurnishing Store of

T. H. RICHARDS,

30 Fifth street.

ELEY'S

CAPS, WADS AND CARTRIDGES.

A full assortment of Eley's Caps, Wads, Cartridges and Ammunition, for sale by

JAMES BOWN,
No. 136 WOOD STREET.
WS

ROBERT CHRISTY,

GRAVEL ROOFER,

OFFICE, COR. FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS,
Over National Bank of Commerce.
MTH8

THE BEST SHOT GUN.

ROPER'S AMERICAN BREECH-LOADER,

Firing four shots in two seconds, using common ammunition, manufactured by "Roper Repeating Rifle Co.," Amherst, Mass. Send for circular. eod

BOTTLED ALES,

KENNETT, WINTERTON,

And all the best brands; SUPERIOR SODA WATERS bottled by

J. C. BUFFUM & CO.,

No. 22 and 24 Market st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRODUCE.

15 bbls Rye Flour, fresh ground; 180 bush bolted Corn Meal; 50 bush bolted Corn, white; 5,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Oats; 3,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Rye; 500 lbs White Middlings; 50 bush Barley; 40 bush Shelled Corn. Now receiving and for sale; 100 bbls prime Old Mess Pork; 100 bxs prime new Bacon Sides; 1,000 lbs Real Leaf Lard. In store and for sale by

H. RIDDLE,
No 188 Liberty street.

MOON & LAMPHEAR,

NOS. 3 AND 4 FULTON MARKET, N. Y.

Wholesale Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH.

All orders punctually attended to.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.—ZIMMERMAN'S PATENT STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, (made to suit any cook stove), for PARLATUS, (made to suit any cook stove), for cooking all kinds of vegetables and meats, puddings and dumplings, etc., without flavoring each other, at one operation and in one vessel—followed by principal hotel proprietors and by leading families. Manufactured and sold by ROBERTS & SHERRATT, No. 61 smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Send for a circular, or call and examine.

MWS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST OPENED,

One of the Largest and Best Selected Stocks of

DRY GOODS

IN EITHER CITY, AT

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO'S

178 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

NEW PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
BLEACHED AND
UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
TICKINGS, CHECKS,
TABLE LINENS, &c., &c.,

JUST OPENED AT

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.'S,

178 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

RED, WHITE and YELLOW FLANNELS,
OPERA FLANNELS,
BARRED COUNTRY FLANNEL, best in the Market,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
CASSIMERES, &c., &c.,

AT LOW PRICES AT

ERWIN M'CONNELL & CO.'S

178 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

Wholesale Buyers

Are invited to call and examine our Stock. Our Stock is all Fresh, and our Prices will be found as Low as any.

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.

178 FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY.

A CUTE ADVERTISING DODGE.

A certain Wholesale Druggist proclaims to the public through the medium of the Press that an injunction has been granted by the Courts, restraining J. M. FULTON from manufacturing

Dr. LINDSAY'S

Improved Blood Searcher.

Such is not the case. NO INJUNCTION HAS AS YET BEEN GRANTED, the matter having been referred to the Supreme Court. My customers should not be deceived by any such advertisement.

As I will continue to Manufacture and Sell the Improved Blood Searcher, as I have a perfect right to do.

Gentlemen, your "modus operandi" to claim the Sole Proprietorship, will not do.

eod

J. M. FULTON.

$1,000. REWARD. $1,000.

DR. MISHLER

IS WILLING TO PAY

$1,000 REWARD

To the Proprietor of any medicine who can show that his compound has performed greater cures than

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS, the great Blood Purifyer.
MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS, the unrivalled Stomach Bitters.
MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS, the great Household Remedy.

These justly popular and highly MEDICATED BITTERS are guaranteed to be an INFALLIBLE AND CERTAIN CURE for all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or derangements of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. They are purely medicated compound now offered to the public in the shape of Bitters.

Sold by all Respectable Druggists.

FAHNESTOCK & HOLSON,

Branch House, 26 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Sold by all Druggists. TTHS

REYMER & BROS.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE

French & American Confectionary,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Fruit,

NUTS, SPICES,

Refined Sugars, &c., &c.

A full and complete assortment always in store and

LOWEST MARKET RATES,

NOS. 126 and 128 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

ISAIAH WOODBURY,

DEALER IN

PAINTS AND VARNISHES,

Seals Foot, Tanners, Lard,

Whale and Sperm

OILS.

Naval Stores and Petroleum,

St. Louis Lead and Oil Company's

CASTOR OIL,

In Banker's Patent 8 and 10 Gallon Cans.

NEWFOUNDLAND OIL CO.'S CELEBRATED

Cod Liver Oil,

WARRANTED PERFECTLY PURE

ISAIAH WOODBURY,

SOLE AGENT,

26 DEY STREET,

NEW YORK.

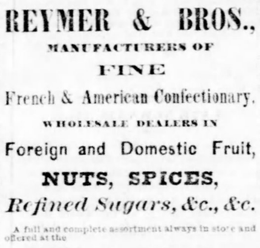
FLOUR,

From New Southern Wheat

We are now manufacturing a superior article of FLOUR from choice new Southern Wheat, which we can safely recommend to the trade, and for family use.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.



THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND

DOMESTIC SEGARS,

Manufactured from Connecticut, Pennsylvania and Ohio Seed Leaf, on consignment, will be sold at prices ranging from Eight to Fifteen Dollars per Thousand.

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of Smithfield and Water sts.

ESTATE OF ALEXANDER LAUGHLIN, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary to the Estate of Alexander Laughlin, deceased, late of the city of Pittsburgh, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against, or who are indebted to said estate, will call for settlement on or before one of the undersigned without delay. Mrs. M. A. LAUGHLIN, No. 25 Sixth street, Pittsburgh; JAMES LAUGHLIN, at Jones & Laughlin's, No. 458 First street, Pittsburgh; HUGH WOODSIDE, corner of Canal and Rina streets, Pittsburgh; FRANCIS E. LAUGHLIN, Stewardson Furnace, Orrsville P. O., Armstrong Co., Pa. s

GET NONE BUT A

GROVER & BAKER,

It is the best for all purposes. Call at
NOW 108 FIFTH STREET.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS of Moon township will meet at SHARON SCHOOL HOUSE on the LAST SATURDAY OF AUGUST, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to elect seven School Teachers to teach the ensuing year in said township.

P. S. STEVENSON, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the M'CLURE OIL PETROLEUM CO. will be held at the office of A. M. Brown, Esq., No. 114 Fifth street, on MONDAY, August 19, to elect a President and Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

W. J. CARSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF GLASGOW OIL CO.,
Pittsburgh, August 9th, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the GLASGOW OIL COMPANY, will be held at the office of the Company, 139 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, August 15th, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing Officers for the ensuing year, and attending to any other business that may come before the meeting. By order

J. L. MARSHALL, Sec'y and Treas.

JULY 23, 1867.

THE INTEREST IN GOLD on the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION, due August 1, 1867 will be paid on presentation of the coupons thereto, at the Banking House of DARIUS MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, New York, on and after that date.

(signed) WM. J. PALMER,
eod Treasurer.

NOTICE—TO SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will, until further notice, transport promptly from the present terminus of this road, at Brady's Bend to the City of Pittsburgh, any quantity of Petroleum that may be offered for 45 CENTS PER BARREL, and return empty barrels from Pittsburgh to Brady's Bend, at 10 cents each. The track of the Road is extended down to, and along the river's edge at Brady's Bend, so as to afford all necessary facilities for the convenient and speedy transfer of Oil from boats to cars.

H. BLACKSTONE, Supt.

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1867.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Company within two years from this date, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of the said bonds. By order of the Board of Managers,

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE FORT PITT OIL CO.,
No. 24 Fifth street, (Room 1),
PITTSBURGH, August 7, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Fort Pitt Oil Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO and ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT., payable at this office on or after the 15th of August. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst.

T. A. WRIGHT, Secy.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL NEWSPAPER PRINTING COMPANY, have this day declared a Cash Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE, out of the profits of the Company, payable on and after the 15th instant, at the office of HART, CAUGHEY & CO.

K. H. PALMER, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, August 8th, 1867.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL CO.,
No. 19 Irwin street,
PITTSBURGH, August 6th, 1867.

DIVIDEND NO. 2—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.,

Payable on and after the 15th inst., at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst., inclusive.

WILLIAM MUSSLER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

POLITICAL.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

LUKE B. DAVISON, Republican,

OF WILKINS TOWNSHIP.

UNION REPUBLICAN

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of Allegheny County are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships on

Saturday, August 31st,

And elect TWO DELEGATES from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on SEPTEMBER 3d, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The Primary Elections in the Townships will be held between the hours of three and six o'clock, P. M., and in the Boroughs, at the Polls between the hours of five and seven o'clock, P. M., in the cities and boroughs the election shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking.

JACOB H. MILLER, Chairman.

N. P. BEED,
R. C. MACKEY, Secretaries.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between O'HARA & ROBINSON is this day dissolved. Persons having claims against the late firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON will please present their accounts at No. 58 Wood street for adjustment of the same.

O'HARA & ROBINSON.
M. O'HARA.

Pittsburgh, July 24, 1867.

NOTICE—NOTICE IS HEREBY given to all persons not to purchase any of the goods, wares, merchandise or material belonging to the late firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON without my special order, as all the property is attached to each and every piece of said goods, wares, merchandise or material in each and every sale made.

H. BLACKSTONE.

Pittsburgh, July 24, 1867.

DISSOLUTION—THE PARTNERSHIP existing under the style of J. McALPIN & CO., was dissolved on the 1st inst., by mutual consent, W. G. HARRISON retiring. The business will be settled by J. McALPIN, at No. 52 Wayne street.

J. McALPIN.
WM. G. HARRISON.

July 9th, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Public notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and John

The Daily Commercial

AFTER THE BATH.

A FANCY PICTURE—REVISED AND COMPLETED.

Her skin is moist and cold, and pink,
But warm and red the lips I press,
And all her beauty seems to shrink
Compactor in her clinging dress;
While o'er her fair shoulders to the hips,
Over swelling breast and fair shapely,
In trailing gold the tresses drip,
Which form at night her braided crown.

No more her eyes in languor swim;
But flash with keen, quick Irish strife,
And every pulse in every limb
Seems kindling into radiant life;
Her cheek hath added a ruddier stain,
And her small feet in sand that sink
Are marble white, with many a vein
Adown to the almond-nails of pink.

Her teeth are white as the shining surf,
Her eyes are blue as the bay in calm,
And her breath to the new-mown clover turf
Is a rival in its fragrant balm;
O, happy sea, that has held her form,
O, happy sands by her white feet pressed—
With her hands off, the whole bright scene is warm,
Her beauty of gesture, and face, and breast.

Proudly she stands in her scarlet dress,
And my eyes give a quiver and then grow dim
As a gaze of her infinite loveliness
Of delicate color and rounded limb;
And the bright blue lies with its filling sails,
And the silver sand and the rocks of brown,
And the woods that are dark on the distant hills,
And the broad green shadows that slope adown—

All seem but a frame for my lady bright,
A frame not worthy of her matchless grace—
Her lips of red and her eyes of light,
And the wonder and charm of her winsome face;
O, here let me lie and die at her feet,
Let my soul to its origins for her pass away—
For my life has its climax, and death were sweet
With her eyes gazing down on me here to-day!

My senses swoon into blissful trance
As her small, cool fing rs touch my palm,
And through all my veins the currents dance
As I feel on my cheek her breath of balm;
All the springs of my life are in her control,
For though features more perfect I know full well—
In rich, womanly beauty of body and soul
There are none to compare with my seaside belle.

The brown rocks glow as she bounds along
And the black weeds thrill in the silver spray,
And the birds in the boats sing a gladder song
As my lady walks by the shining bay;
The waves that have shade in her radiant form
Must be humanized by the saintly touch,
And will spare for her sake in the next great storm
Some precious ship from their clutch.

MILES O'REILLY.
ATLANTIC, Narragansett Bay, July, 1867.

AMONG THE CANNIBALS.

Strange Customs and Superstitions of the People—A Hall Decorated with Human Skulls.

Mr. Charles Livingstone, Her Majesty's Consul in the Bight of Biafra, sends to the British foreign office the following narrative of his interview with the king of Okirka country with a view to terminating war between that country and New Calabar. The Consul was accompanied by three chiefs of Bonny:

"Up Okrika, the chief town, is built on a dry ridge, part of which is adorned with magnificent trees. A stockade, through which peep some guns, defends the water front of the town, which seemed longer than Grand Bonny. Dense masses of people crowded the beach at the public landing place. The Bonny Chiefs, Prince George, Banigo and Calendui landed, but we remained in the boats until they had seen the king. In fifteen minutes they returned and beckoned us to land. The stench was terrible; all the stinks at the outskirts of all the African villages I ever entered, though mixed and shaken together, would be weak compared to this.

"After passing through the crowd we met some fellows who tried to stop us. It was contrary to jujuor white men to enter the town. The Bonny chiefs scolded and we pushed on, but soon met a mob of hundreds, and further progress was impossible. In vain did Banigo and Galendui scold and push, and even knocked some down; the others pressed closer together, shouting, barking and gesticulating frantically. After looking at the performance until we got tired of it, we returned to the boats. A canoe came off with two messengers from the king, inviting us to come ashore. Guards armed with long sticks stood at the corners of the streets, and the town was quiet. We were conducted to the king's audience chamber, which had no light except what came in by the door. Chairs were brought and the chief and others crowded in. A beating of drums announced that the king had gone to the juju house to consult the spirits before proceeding to business.

"In half an hour King Fibia appeared; a strongly built man of forty-five, with a round, good-natured-looking face. He shook hands and sat down on a low stool in the corner. Apologizing for the rude reception his people had given us, he asked us to remain till the following day, as some of his chiefs had not yet arrived from their villages. A table of native manufacture was brought in, the room spread a tablecloth over it, and 'tombo' (an intoxicating palm wine) was presented. Permission to see the town was given, and we paid a visit to the jujuhouse; a noisy crowd attempted to rush in after us; but a vigorous application of the long sticks of the guards drove them back. Masses of human skulls hung from the walls, and numerous rows of skulls cover the roof of a sort of altar. In front of this altar sat the jujuman, having a foot stool of human skulls. The Okrika had eaten the victims whose skulls decorated the juju-house. An old man who accompanied us, spoke with evident gusto of the different cannibal feasts he had partaken of, and mentioned the parts of the human body which he considered the sweetest.

"It is the first time I have seen a juju-house in Africa. We saw men at work tarring ropes; others retailed gin in the streets by the wine glass. We also saw a boy hoist up a man standing on their shoulders. They twisted and tugged, and appeared as if struggling with unseen spirits who wished to drag the body to a shallow open grave by the side of a house. At times the young men had the advantage, and brought the body back from the grave; then the spirits prevailed, and dragged them forward. A man kept beating a drum. The Okrika are well clothed, most of the cloth being made from the palm leaf. They are acquainted with several vegetable dyes; two—red and dark blue—are used to paint their persons. We slept in Ogobome, a large village which has an oil market, and about two miles from the capital. A good dinner was provided, and we were offered a choice of sleeping apartments, close inner rooms, or the open verandah; my companions preferred the latter. I was conducted to a neighboring house and found the people very kind. My bed, small boxes, of unequal height unluckily, was in the best room, in which I found a good fire, 30kegs of powder, and a considerable quantity of cloth and gin. I managed to undress fairly well, but my companions were badly bitten by fog and flies. A king's messenger came for us at sunrise, and shortly after we were seated with the king and his chiefs. King Fibia remarked that in Bonny the king and chiefs could settle public affairs, but in Okrika the people always wanted to be present. He thought it would be better to have the interview in a public place, so that his people could hear all that was said and not have to pester him with questions after we were gone. We accordingly adjourned to the street. There was some disturbance at first, but nothing like that of an excited political gathering in a civilized country. King Fibia requested them to be silent and listen to what was said. His prime minister and orator, having before him specimens of two kinds of dried fish, a fish trap, and piece of net, commenced by remarking that they were glad to see me. They did not understand the customs of the white men; no white man had ever been in their town before, and they hoped I would excuse them if they proceeded in their own way. He then picked up the dried fish, the trap and net, and handed them to me, saying, "Bonny and Calabar have ships to trade with, but Okrika has nothing but fish. It is on fish we live; it is with fish we buy the oil we have to sell, and this has been the case ever since Okrika has been a country." It was in the creeks I saw in coming that they caught their fish, and Calabar men came into these creeks and set their fish out of the nets, and also robbed their canoes."

Mr. Livingstone discussed with them terms of peace, and it was finally arranged that Fibia should send down two of his chiefs to meet the chiefs of Bonny and Calabar and settle the differences. The Consul adds: "The session lasted four hours and a half. Never before in Africa have I seen such powerful looking men as the Okrika. I could not but admire their physical strength. As they sat before me chewing bits of chop-stick to clean their teeth, and gazing earnestly at me, the thought occasionally flashed across my mind, 'Are these cannibals wondering how a piece of roast consul would taste, and which would be most savory, cold consul or hot?' On parting, Fibia made me a present of about a cartload of gigantic yams, two goats and a fowl."

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—DYSENTERY—Unlike other species in common use which act as mere temporary styptics, Holloway's Pills seize on the seat of the disease and exterminate its primary causes—by invigorating the digestive organs, tonifying the liver, purging the channels and purifying the blood, they promote a speedy restoration of health and vigor. In biliousness, sick headache, acidity of the stomach, and depression of spirits, they are equally efficacious. Sold by all Druggists.

FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF THE

DALBEY AND LYMAN SELF-SEALING FRUIT JAR.

Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to these facts.

WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
Office 18 and 20 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

P. S.—Our Dalbey Jar, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpasses all others in the market.

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE.

D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
CALCINED PLASTER.
TYRONE WHITE LIME.
CHESTER VALLEY WHITE LIME.
FIRE BRICK AND CLAY.
FIRE TILE, for Furnaces, Gas Houses Oil Refineries, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Grates, Stoves, &c. All sizes and patterns.
CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN and WATER PIPES.
STONE HEARTHS, 1-2 to 4 inches thick.
ALSO,
ENCAUSTIC TILE, plain and inlaid, every pattern for Floors, Halls. Vestibules, Hearths, &c.
MARBLE AND SLATE TILE.
MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, furnished at lowest New York prices.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
167 FIRST STREET
Opposite Monongahela House.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE CARNIVALS HAVE COME.

Immense Success of the Great Troupe.
NEW OPERA HOUSE.
LaRue's Original Carnival Minstrels
Monster Organization of the Nineteenth Century, whose success is without a precedent in the annals of Minstrelsy. The wonderful
JOHNNY THOMPSON,
Greatest Ethiopian Comedian and Song and Dance Man who ever lived.
HAPPY CAL. WAGNER,
The best End Man in the world. The great
ANSLEY SCOTT,
The Eminent Basso and Interlocutor.
MARMELADE'S VOCAL QUARTETTE,
Ainsley Scott, Fredericks, Rendall and Wheaton.
NED WEST,
Champion Clog Dancer of the World.
Positively Original Programmes Every Evening—It is week only.
Commence at 8. Tickets 50 cents. Gallery 25 cents. One Grand Matinee Saturday Afternoon, at 2½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERAY,
63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY.
Merchants and others wishing large or small showbills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" Office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same.

GROCERIES, &c.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE,
10,000 LBS. EXTRA S. C. CAN. HAMS;
20,000 LBS. SHOULDERS;
10 000 LBS. CLEAR SIDES;
10 000 LBS. RIBBED SIDES;
5,000 LBS. S. C. CAN. DRIED BEEF.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FRESH SPICES,
COMMON AND FANCY SOAPS,
Goshen Cheese.
DRIED FRUITS, &c.
RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO.,
345 LIBERTY STREET.

WM. MILLER,
(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON.)
Nos. 221 & 223 COR. LIBERTY & IRWIN STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
WHOLESALE GROCER,
DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Brandy, Wine, Gin and Old Rye Whisky,
And Sole Agent in Pittsburgh for the sale of the celebrated Wines of HENKELL & CO., in Mayence, on the Rhine: MOET & CHANDON, in Epernay, France; BRANDENBURG FRERES, in Bordeaux, France, to which he respectfully invites the attention of dealers and others in want of pure goods.
The following choice brands are now in store:
BRANDENBURG FRERES' Medoc, Margaux, Chateau La Rose, Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, 1st Sauternes, Chateau Sauternes, Latour Blanche and Yquem.
HENKELL & CO'S Lanbenheimer, Hierstein, Hockheim, Sparkling Mosel, Sparkling Hockheimer, Sparkling Schaarzberg.
MOET & CHANDONS' Vin Imperial, green seal, Verzenay, Epernay.
Also, Burgundy Chablis, Chambertin, etc., etc.
Brandenburg Freres Superior Olive Oil.
☞ A liberal discount made to the trade.

SUNDRIES.
30 boxes Goshen Cheese;
56 boxes W. R. Cheese;
40 boxes Hamburg Cheese;
3 cars Potatoes, bbls and sacks;
3,000 pounds Dried Peaches;
1,000 pounds Dried Apples;
50 cases Can Fruit;
10 cases Champagne Cider;
5 bbls Hominy.
Arriving, in store and for sale by
VAN GORDER & SHEPARD,
NO. 360 LIBERTY STREET.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 77 EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.
JAMES B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR,
TTHS

EDWARD HEAZLETON,
WHOLESALE GROCER AND PRODUCE MERCHANT,
East Cor. Diamond Square, No. 18,
Dealer in FLOUR, SALT, FLAX, LARD and REPINED OILS; ALSO, COAL OIL BARRELS, a full assortment of which are generally suitable to the trade. Orders filled promptly and delivered free of charge.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
DEALER IN
TEAS, WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 58 N. E. COR. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND,
Allegheny City.

HOTELS.

UNION DEPOT
HOTEL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
Is situated at the junction of all the Pittsburgh Railroad Lines entering the city of Pittsburgh, and is conveniently located for scenes to the Bank, Post-office, City Passenger Cars, &c., and well adapted in every respect to meet the wants of the Traveling Public.
RESTAURANT ON FIRST FLOOR, where Meals can be had at ALL HOURS, DAY AND NIGHT. Sundays excepted.
R. D. MARKER, Supt.

M'HENRY HOUSE,
MEADVILLE, PA.
F. WELCH, Superintendent.

SUMMER RESORTS.

UNION HOTEL,
SARATOGA.
POPULAR PRICES.
SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN.
Board $4 per Day, $25 per Week.
Baggage Master and Omnibuses at Depot on arrival of trains. Address
LELAND BROTHERS,
Or S. LELAND & CO., Metropolitan Hotel, NEW YORK.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!
THE FIRST PREMIUM
Or a Silver Medal
WAS AWARDED TO
BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 25, 1866.
BARRETT'S
Vegetable Hair Restorative
Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the diseased state from original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article introduced throughout the East, West, North, and South.
J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.
GENERAL AGENTS, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
PARK & BRILL,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
WS

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS
OF THE
LOAN OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
Due After July 1st, 1856, and Before July 2d, 1860.
Holders of the following LOANS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA are requested to present them for payment (Principal and Interest), at
The Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia.
Loan of March 30, 1830, due March 4, 1858.
" February 16, 1833, due July 1, 1858.
" March 27, 1833, due July 1, 1858.
" January 26, 1839, due July 1, 1859.
" June 7, 1839, due August 1, 1859.
" March 30, 1842, due July 1, 1860.
" April 5, 1842, due July 1, 1860.
Also, all BANK CHARTER LOANS due prior to July 2, 1860.
All of the above LOANS will cease to draw interest after August 15, 1867.
JOHN W. GEARY, Governor.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT, Auditor General.
WILLIAM H. KEMBLE, State Treasurer.
THS
HARRISBURG, JULY 20, 1867.

TO THE HOLDERS
OF THE
LOANS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
DUE JULY 1ST, 1868.
The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will receive Proposals, until September 30, 1867, for the Redemption of One Million Dollars of the Loans of this Commonwealth, due July 1st, 1868.
Holders will address their proposals to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and indorse "Proposals for the Redemption of Loans of 1868."
FRANCIS JORDAN, Secretary of State.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT, Auditor General.
WILLIAM H. KEMBLE, State Treasurer.
THS

AUCTION SALES.

A HOME SECURED BY
PAYING RENT FOR TEN YEARS.
The subscriber will dispose at PUBLIC SALE,
FIFTY LOTS,
ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 10TH,
On the following terms: One-tenth cash; balance in ten equal annual payments, with interest. The purchaser thus become their own landlords at once.
The rent young pay would be saved to your sires. These Lots are within two hundred yards of the Station of the Allegheny Valley Railroad and Penn street and Lawrenceville Street cars, near Sharpsburg.
An Excursion Train will leave the Depot of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, on Saturday, 10th inst. at 1 o'clock, P. M., to convey purchasers to and from the premises free of charge. Tickets can be procured at No. 57 Wood street, or at the auction house of A. M'Ilwaine.
Persons desiring to purchase at private sale will call at No. 57 Wood street, or JOHN H. SAYER, on the premises.
A. M'ILWAINE, Auct.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
PIANO, LARGE MIRRORS,
TAPESTRY VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c., &c.
Will be sold at Auction on THURSDAY, August 15th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the late residence of Francis G. Bailey, corner of Duquesne Way and Evans's alley, the entire household good, consisting of complete suit of Rosewood Furniture; Piano, large Mirrors, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wash stands, Wardrobes, Dining Tables, Oil Brussels Carpets, Oil Cloths, Kitchen ware, &c., &c.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Auctioneer.

WYLIE STREET PROPERTY
AT AUCTION.
ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, AT 2 P. M.,
On the premises, near the corner of High street will be sold two desirable Lots of Ground, each fronting 21 feet on Wylie street, extending back 65 feet 2½ feet, being the upper portion of the property formerly occupied by the First German E. Lutheran denomination. Terms at sale. Also, at same time, will be disposed of the material contained in the Church Building, which must be removed immediately. Terms cash.
For particulars apply to
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, 55 and 57 Fifth st.

GREAT SALE OF VEHICLES,
BUGGIES,
FAMILY BAROUCHES, &c.,
AT C. WEST & CO.'S ROOMS,
NO. 197 PENN STREET.
Saturday Morning, August 10,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, will be sold at the old Factory of C. West & Co., No. 197 Penn street, No. 56 Chalf street, Pittsburgh, a great variety of over 30 Vehicles, comprising second-hand Buggies and Family Barouches; also, new Buggies, Rockaways, Dearborn Wagons, &c. Those wishing to supply themselves with a good Vehicle cheap, are invited to give this sale their attention, as the stock is to be closed out.
A. M'ILWAINE, Auct.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE
ON
Mount Washington, at Auction,
ON MONDAY, AUGUST 12th,
At 10 o'clock precisely, on the premises, HUGH TAGGART, Mount Washington, (opposite forge of Wood street), will be sold the large and desirable Lot of Ground, having a front of 150 feet and extending back 330 feet to a 40 foot street, on which is erected a very fine and neatly finished Frame Dwelling House, containing 8 Rooms, with Halls, Porches front and back, with finished Cellar. On the Lot is a good Stable, out buildings, Grape Arbors, Fruit Trees and Shrubbery, and neat iron fence. This is one of the most desirable locations along entire line. Will be sold as a whole, or in 1, 2, 3 or 4 Lots, as purchaser may desire.
This property commands a beautiful view of the Rivers, Cities and surroundings. Terms easy. Particulars by calling on
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Aucts.
55 and 57 Fifth street.

ROLLING MILL FOR SALE
Frank Semple and Wm. Tatlow, plaintiffs,
vs.
Francis Sellers, Reese Lewis and Robert Moody, defendants.
In the District Court of Allegheny County.
No. 315, July Term, 1867.
Pursuant to an order of the District Court of Allegheny County, sitting in Equity in the above case, the undersigned Receiver, appointed by the said court, offers for sale

THE EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS
CONSISTING OF
ROLLING MILL
AND
HINGE FACTORY,
Situated two and a half miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, adjoining the Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company's Works, and a short distance below the Superior Rail Mill and Manchester Locomotive Works; can be reached by Accommodation trains on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company and Manchester Station.
The Mill comprises thirteen Rolling Furnaces, one Scrap Furnace, and the Heading Machine, Patent Squeezer, Muck Mill, Sheet Mills, 15-inch Bar Mill, and 8-inch Guide Mill; five Rollers, one 36-inch Cylinder Engine, five feet stroke, entirely new, of superior workmanship, made by Messrs. Maclaren. Hinge Factory are manufacturing Strap and T Hinges, all in complete running order; capacity can be doubled at small expense. In connection with Hinge Factory is a complete Machine shop, with Engine, Lathes, Planers, Drills, Presses, &c., &c.
Also, lot of Assorted Iron, Junista Bloom, 20 tons Metal, assorted; Fire Brick, Horses, Mules, Wagons, Carts, Harness, etc., etc.
In addition there are twenty-eight Dwelling Houses for hands, and one house for manager.
Real estate comprises eight Acres of land, extending from P., Ft. W. & C. RR. track to the Ohio river, with a river front of 346 feet. Switch from the P., Ft. W. & C. RR. extends to the Mill, and with the river affords unsurpassed facilities for receiving coal and metal and shipping product.
The sale will take place on the premises on
TUESDAY, 3d day of Sept., 1867,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
By PUBLIC OUTCRY, TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.
Terms—One-third cash, balance in equal payments, twelve and eighteen months, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
The attention of capitalists is called to this sale as affording a rare opportunity for profitable investment.
Persons desirous of purchasing will please call on the undersigned at No. 133 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., who will show them the premises.
M. B. LOWRIE CHILDS,
THS RECEIVER.

REFINERY FOR SALE.
A Good Oil Refinery,
CAPACITY, 125 BARRELS REFINED OIL PER WEEK.
GOOD TANKAGE, STEAM PUMP, &c.,
All in complete running order, ready to start. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of
JOHNSON & PAINE,
5 AND 7 HANCOCK STREET,
If Office of "Superior Lubric Oil Works."

STOCK SALES.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me in business FRANCIS G. BAILEY, Jr.
JOHN D. BAILEY.
July 1st, 1867.
JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
Stock and Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers,
Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms. Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale. Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office 102 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Geo. H. Holtzman
REAL ESTATE, STOCK
AND
Insurance Broker.
Everything connected with the above lines transacted in the most careful manner.
REAL ESTATE,
Bought and Sold,
Titles Examined by competent Attorney.
Conveyances Made.
The care of Property assumed, including Insuring, Repairing, Payment of Taxes, Securing of Tenants, Collection of Rents, &c.
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Notes, &c
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
INSURANCE
On Life or Property obtained in the safest companies.
ALL BUSINESS WILL BE DONE BY ME STRICTLY ON COMMISSION, WITH NO OTHER INTEREST BUT THAT OF THE PARTY EMPLOYING ME.
A residence in Pittsburgh of over 21 years, during most of which time I have had active intercourse with business circles, gives me extraordinary facilities for the transaction of a general brokerage business.
I feel warranted in referring to the Business Community of Pittsburgh generally, as to reliability and qualifications in the lines I propose to operate in.
GEO. H. HOLTZMAN,
76 FIFTH STREET,
(Commercial Building), Pittsburgh, Pa.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

LADIES'
GOLD WATCHES,
A New and Handsome Lot of the Celebrated Makers,
PERRENOUD, JACOT AND ROGERS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
DUNSEATH & CO., Jewelers,
56 FIFTH STREET

FOR SALE—A SECOND HAND DOUBLE CYLINDER PRESS. Size of bed, 31x46. Address COMMERCIAL 8

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE BANKERS'
AND
Merchants'
SECOND GRAND
Presentation Entertainment
WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE,
SATURDAY, Aug. 24, 1867,
AT
IRVING HALL,
NEW YORK.
This Grand Distribution of Prizes will be conducted on the
MUTUAL BENEFIT PRINCIPLE.
A PRO RATA DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS TO TICKET HOLDERS.
CAPITAL, $1,287,148.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR EACH,
And limited to One Million Two Hundred and Eighty-seven Thousand One Hundred and Forty-Eight.
THE FAIREST AND MOST IMPARTIAL PLAN OF PRESENTATION YET OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.
A Prize with Every Ticket.

PROSPECTUS.
A number of the leading Bankers and Merchants of New York, in consideration of the great success which has attended many of the Charitable Presentation Entertainments of late, have associated themselves into a company, with the view of inaugurating an enterprise which, while it will realize them a fair profit, shall offer greater advantages to ticket-purchasers than any yet presented, and which being conducted upon a perfectly legitimate and business basis, shall be free from those objections and features which have characterized many of these enterprises.
To this end they have consigned the sale of tickets, and the regulating the same, to Clark, Webster & Co., Bankers and Managers, No. 62 Broadway, New York, who will keep their records in the country until the day of the Grand Presentation Entertainment, when they will be handed over to a committee selected by the audience to make an impartial distribution of prizes.
A reference to the number of prizes and the general plan of distribution, given below, will convince even the most skeptical of the great advantages which will accrue to all who participate in the enterprise, and the Commercial and Financial standing of the Company, and the Managers and Bankers thereof, will, they hope, prove a sufficient guaranty of the fairness and impartiality with which everything in connection with the scheme will be conducted, and that the interests of ticket-holders will be most strictly watched over and guarded. It is the desire of the Managers to conduct every transaction for the mutual benefit of those who purchase, and scrupulously to avoid any and everything which could in the slightest degree diminish the profits which are likely to accrue to all who invest.

LIST OF PRIZES.
CASH PRIZES.

One Cash Prize at	$75,000	$75,000
One Cash Prize at	50,000	50,000
One Cash Prize at	25,000	25,000
Two Cash Prizes at	10,000	20,000
Three Cash Prizes at	5,000	15,000
Four Cash Prizes at	3,000	12,000
Five Cash Prizes at	2,000	10,000
Eight Cash Prizes at	1,000	8,000
Seventy Cash Prizes at	500	7,000
Twenty Cash Prizes at	300	6,000
Twenty-two Cash Prizes at	200	5,000
Forty Cash Prizes at	100	4,000
Seventy-five Cash Prizes at	50	3,750
One hundred and forty Cash Prizes at	25	3,500
One hundred and fifty Cash Prizes at	20	3,000
One hundred and seventy-five Cash Prizes at	10	1,750
Two hundred Cash Prizes at	5	1,000
864 Cash Prizes amounting to		$450,000

PIANOS.

8 Steinway's Grand Piano Fortes at	$1,500	$12,000
8 Chickering's Grand Piano Fortes at	1,500	12,000
25 Steinway's Seven Octave Pianos at	800	20,000
25 Chickering & Sons' Seven Octave Pianos at	800	20,000
93 Melodeons at	140	13,020
145 Melodeons at	125	18,625

SEWING MACHINES.

75 Wheeler & Wilson cab. case Sewing Machines	$165	$12,375
104 Wheeler & Wilson half case Sewing Machines	125	13,000
133 Wheeler & Wilson plain Sewing Machines	85	11,305
73 Singer's cab. case Sewing Machines at	165	12,045
100 Singer's half case Sewing Machines at	125	12,500
130 Singers' plain Sewing Machines at	85	11,050

DIAMONDS.

6 Full sets Diamonds at	$3,500	$21,000
10 Full sets Diamonds at	2,700	27,000
15 Diamond Cluster Rings at	850	12,750
20 Diamond Cluster Rings at	675	13,500
25 Diamond Cluster Rings at	450	11,250
33 Diamond Cluster Rings at	375	12,375
5 Diamond Cluster Pins at	655	3,275

GOLD WATCHES.

16 Gent's Gold Watches at	$239	$3,824
26 Gent's Gold Watches at	225	5,850
42 Gent's Gold Watches at	165	6,720
66 Gent's Gold Watches at	135	11,610
20 Ladies' Diamond Set Watches at	200	4,000
55 Ladies' Gold Watches at	185	10,175
92 Ladies' Gold Watches at	160	14,720
106 Ladies' Gold Watches at	145	15,370

SILVER WATCHES.

66 American Silver Watches	$75	$4,950
125 American Silver Watches	64	7,875
130 American Silver Watches	48	6,240
2253 Detached Lever Silver Watches at	27	6,021
249 Cylinder Silver Watches	18	4,482
22 Plated Watches at	8	176
Assorted Prizes, valued at		668,015
Total Value of Prizes		$1,287,148

Bankers' and Merchants' First Grand Concert was given on July 4th. It was a grand success. The mammoth Hall was filled with the elite of the city. The audience appointed a committee of nine of the leading bankers and merchants, to examine the corresponding numbers to the tickets and Register books, to see that all is correct before making the grand distribution of prizes at the last concert on the 24th of August, 1867.
☞ Immediately after the Grand Distribution, a list of the Presents awarded will be printed and sent to each ticket-holder.

Tickets One Dollar Each,
For sale at the Banking House of CLARK, WEBSTER & CO., 62 Broadway, N. Y., or sent by mail on receipt of price and stamp for return postage.
We can with safety guarantee those wishing to purchase tickets that they will be all sold by the 24th and that the distribution of prizes will positively take place on that day. It will be advisable for those wishing to purchase tickets to order at once, so as to enable us to register them before the day of the grand presentation.

Special Terms or Club Rates.
No greater discount will be allowed on a larger number of tickets.
3 tickets to one address for.....$2 70
6 tickets to one address for..... 5 40
9 tickets to one address for..... 7 50
12 tickets to one address for..... 9 00
Money by draft, Postoffice order, express, or in registered letters may be sent at our risk.
All communications must be addressed to
CLARK, WEBSTER & CO.,
62 Broadway,
cod NEW YORK.

DRY GOODS.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK
AT
REDUCED PRICES,
TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS
SOILED GOODS AT HALF PRICE.
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS much less than cost.
GAUZE UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
SKIRTING, &c., &c.,
AT VERY LOW RATES.
A FULL LINE RUGLE TRIMMINGS.
TRIMMING RIBBONS.
JET & WHITE WOOD JEWELRY.
FANS, BALTING, CORSETS, &c.
Wholesale Stock well assorted.
☞ CASH BUYERS will find it to their interest to give us a call.
STOCK LARGE AND PROFITS SMALL.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 Market Street.

AT THE
NEW WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
OF
DUNCAN
& HUGUS,
53 and 55 Wood St.,
Can be found an entirely fresh stock of all the best brands of every thing in the
Dry Goods Line,
AND AT THE
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
4-4 Penn Mill Brown Sheeting;
4-4 Pittsburgh Family Brown Sheeting;
4-4 Juniata B, Brown Sheeting;
4-4 Oella Brown Sheeting,
TICKINGS,
Tweeds, Cassimeres,
Checks, &c.
A fine assortment of S. Bradley & Son's, and other celebrated makes of
Barred Country Flannels.
PENN MILL CARPET CHAIN, all colors.
SEAMLESS BAGS AND COTTON BATTING, at Mill Prices.

REDUCED PRICES.
Prints, warranted, 12 1-2.
Muslins, from 9.
Ginghams, from 12 1-2.
Delaines, 18.
Towels, fringed, 15.
Shawls, $1 00.
Shawls, $1 75.
Country Flannels, 45.
Cassimeres, $1 00.
BATES & BELL,
121 FIFTH ST.

JUST OPENED,
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,
19 FIFTH STREET,
RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF
Bead Gimps and Fringes,
A NEW LOT VERY CHEAP OF
MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,
SUPER. ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS,
HAMBURG EDGINGS—new styles.
FRENCH CORSETS—new shapes.
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS—new shape.
We have just opened a superior lot of
LADIES' PROMENADE SATCHELS AND GENT'S TRAVELING BAGS,
Of the best quality and most popular styles.
We invite special attention to our new lot of
ENGLISH COTTON HOSIERY AND ENGLISH AND FRENCH MADE GLOVES.
THE "STAR SHIRT,"
And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, AT LOW PRICES.
Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.

DRY GOODS.
Brown Sheetings,
Brown Sheetings,
BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,
TICKINGS,
STRIPES, TWEEDS,
CASSIMERES,
PRINTS,
AND
DRESS GOODS,
AT
WHOLESALE.
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
54 Wood Street.

THE
GROVER & BAKER
Has stood the test on every conceivable kinds of work, and has outlived the criticisms and envy of all its opponents and rivals. For sale at No. 103 FIFTH STREET.

MANUFACTURERS.

WM. B. SCAIFE,
Nos. 119 and 121 First St.,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
OIL WELL TUBING,
GENUINE
Lap Weld Gas Pipe,
CASING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS,
GAS TONGS, cheap for Wholesale trade,
SHEET IRON LINING FOR CASING WELLS, &c.
Everything needed in
PUMPING OIL WELLS,
SHEET AND PLATE IRON WORK,
Iron Tanks, for Storing Oil, Saltpans, Gasometers, &c.
COPPER PIPES, LIFE BOATS,
BLACKSMITH WORK,
BUILDINGS WARMED BY FURNACES,
REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS,
HAIR FELT, for covering Steam Pipes and Boilers.
Those in want of the BEST GOODS AND WORK are invited to give us a call.
WM. B. SCAIFE.
NOS. 119 AND 121 FIRST ST.
M7HS

DASH, WRIGHT & CO.,
Sheffield Cutlery Works,
SOHO BRIDGE, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF THEIR
PATENT PEN KNIFE AND SCISSORS COMBINED.
Also, Pen and Pocket Cutlery. Cutlery repaired at short notice; also, Tailors' Shears Ground and Set. All orders left at the store of W. DASH, 1 Merchant s Hotel Building, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention. tf

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,
WHITE LEAD WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE AND ZINC.
Office, 9 SMITHFIELD STREET,
tf MONONGAHELA HOUSE.

PITTSBURGH
Lamp and Glass Company,
NO. 23 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
John Ross & Co.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of
LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, &c.
Also, dealers in everything pertaining

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

Real Estate, Stock, Bond, Mortgage and Insurance Brokerage.

We would direct especial attention to the card of George H. Holtzman, Esq., in the above line. Mr. Holtzman is identified with the COMMERCIAL as one of the proprietors and President of our Company, and now combines the above business with his official position in the COMMERCIAL establishment. Mr. Holtzman is too well known in this community to need our indorsement for capability and reliability; yet courtesy demands that we should allude to his new business arrangements, and we heartily commend him to our readers for all transactions they may require in the lines above named. Mr. Holtzman's advertisement is in another column, and his office is in the COMMERCIAL Building, 76 Fifth street.

LEFT FOR NEW YORK.—Mr. James Hamill left for New York City yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of consummating the arrangements for the proposed contest with Walter Brown. It is probable that the matter will be arranged in a few days. Johnny Newell, of this city, accompanied Mr. Hamill.

THE BUTLER JAIL.—The work of constructing the new County Jail at Butler, is being rapidly pushed forward. The material has all been placed on the ground, and everything appears to be moving along rapidly, and with a good prospect of an early completion of the work.

A VILLAINOUS ACT.—Some unknown villains, one night last week, entered the orchard of Mr. Joseph Powell, of West Fike Run township, Washington county, and sawed and cut down some two hundred young apple trees. The villains that would commit such an act deserve the severest punishment the law can inflict.

OUR DISTINGUISHED fellow citizen, Dr. E. S. Aborn, of No. 134 Smithfield street, is meeting with extraordinary success in the treatment of all kinds of diseases of the eyes, ears and chest, especially in chronic cases and those which have baffled the skill of other well known and experienced physicians. A glance at our columns this morning will enlighten our readers at length with regard to Dr. Aborn's treatment.

RELEASED ON BAIL.—Michael O'Hara was taken before Judge Williams, of the District Court, yesterday afternoon, on a writ of habeas corpus, and an application made for a reduction in the amount of bail. After the matter had been argued, the Court fixed the amount at ten thousand dollars on each case. C. T. Ewing Esq., entered the required security, and the defendant was discharged from custody.

Mysterious Death of a Child—Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson was notified yesterday morning that an infant child had died the previous day at the house of the Rev. John Stout, in St. Patrick's alley, in the Eighth Ward, under circumstances which led to the belief that it had been poisoned by its mother. The Coroner repaired to Mr. Stout's house, and after empanelling a jury, proceeded to hold an inquest, when the following facts were elicited: Albert and Veronica Benoit, the parents of the child, were married about a year and a half ago, and about two months since the deceased child was born. Mr. Benoit, not having a lucrative position, he was unable to live in the style his wife desired, and about three weeks since she notified him that she would leave him and return to her parents. She afterwards entered suit against him for the child's maintenance, which matter was settled by Mr. Benoit promising to pay five dollars per week. Some days afterward she returned the child to Mr. Benoit, when he took it to the house of Mr. Stout, and left it in charge of his family. On Monday evening the father and mother both visited the child, and during the night it became sick, and continued to grow worse until three o'clock on Thursday afternoon, when it expired. The neighbors appeared to believe that the infant had been poisoned by its mother, while she, on the other hand, ascribed its death to the want of proper care and attention. Dr. Crowley, who attended the child, gave it as his opinion that the death was the result of natural causes, and Drs. McMahan and Murdock corroborating this opinion, the jury rendered a verdict accordingly.

VIGILANT FIRE COMPANY.

Repairs of the Engine House---Description of the Improvements---Organization of the Company, &c.

The improvements on the Vigilant Engine House, in progress for the past few weeks, have been completed, and the formal re-opening took place on Saturday evening last. The building has been completely renovated and refitted, and presents an appearance not excelled by any engine house in the country. A brief reference to the improvements may not prove uninteresting:

THE EXTERIOR.

The front of the building (which is three stories high,) has been entirely remodelled. Cornices have been placed on the windows and new sash doors on the lower story inserted. The hall has been removed in order to add to the spaciousness of the apartment. The woodwork has been painted and sanded in imitation of iron, and presents a really attractive appearance.

THE BASEMENT.

The company commenced their improvements in the cellar, and carried them forward throughout the entire building. The first object which strikes the eye of a visitor is a long wooden trough, which is used for the purpose of washing and greasing hose. After being thoroughly renovated, the hose is carried, by means of rollers in the floor, to the pipe hole, and from thence to the hose carriage. The cupalo, which is sixty-three feet high, is arranged so that hose can be drawn up by means of pulleys, and hung up at its full length, thereby thoroughly airing the heat and air to pass through them. This is considered by firemen to be a great improvement on the old system of dividing them in the middle, and was arranged by Mr. Robert C. Elliott, one of our most active members, who superintended the entire improvement, in fact having furnished all the original plans, which have been so happily carried out. Pipes have been constructed so as to carry the water from the basement to the boiler of the steamer. A neat bath room occupies a portion of this apartment.

THE FIRST STORY.

The front, or main room of the building, has been greatly improved. The floor has been newly laid with three-inch plank, oiled, and the walls covered with serviceable paper, which has received two coats of varnish. The fine steamer and hose carriage occupy their accustomed places in the center of the room. Twenty-five wardrobes have been constructed on the east side, for the reception of the equipments of the active members. The panels of the doors of the wardrobes have been painted and grained, and embellished with the photographs of the "bunkers." An injudicious visitor remarked last evening that it was a "rogues' gallery," but a moment's contemplation of the handsome features exhibited would remove such an erroneous impression. The room is lighted by a fine chandelier of six burners, and a number of side lights. It is also provided with a marble wash stand and large mirror. The stable is constructed at the south end of the room, and contains three stalls, two of which are occupied by the splendid grays recently purchased for the steamer at a cost of $650. This stable is a model in its way, and is by no means the least attractive feature in the establishment.

THE SECOND FLOOR.

The second story which is reached by a single flight of carpeted stairs, is devoted to the purposes of a bunk room. The floor of the apartment is covered with Brussels carpet, and contains six fine double bedsteads, spring mattrasses, etc., costing $130 each. Each bed is covered with a coverlet, upon which the word "Vigilant" is beautifully worked in silk. Twelve handsomely grained wardrobes are inserted in the wall, which are used by the "bunkers." Two large chandeliers are suspended from the ceiling, and two marble topped bureaus are placed at each end of the room. The balance of the furniture is unique and elegant.

THE PARLOR.

Ascending another flight of stairs the visitor arrives at a room which is designated "the parlor," and which is fully entitled to the appellation. The apartment is sixty feet long by twenty wide, and upon the floor is display'd one of the finest Brussels carpets that could be purchased in the city. Two large pier glasses, extended from the floor to the ceiling, ornament the north end of the room, while on the west side is displayed a magnificent Steinway piano. Four luxurious sofas, two reception chairs, and a number of cushioned walnut chairs are arranged around the wall, while in the center of the room is a neat stand upon which is placed a silver pitcher, salver and goblets, a present from a member of the company. The room is lighted by two magnificent chandeliers, of twelve burners each, which were procured at the establishment of Messrs. Weldon & Kelly, of Wood street, who furnished the building with all the necessary gas and water fittings, and it is only justice to say that they have preserved their well earned reputation. Mr. Wm. S. Brown, who contracted to do the painting and graining, has rendered full and complete satisfaction. The entire building is complete in every particular, and is a credit not only to the company but to the entire fire department of the city.

ORGANIZATION OF THE COMPANY.

The Vigilant Fire Company was organized in 1811, Hon. Wm. Wilkins being President, and John Thaw, Esq., Secretary. The first engine was built for them by Patrick Lyon, of Philadelphia, and was a "hydraulic engine, of the third magnitude, with all the late improvements," the cost being $600. George Bowers entered into a contract with the company to transport it from Philadelphia to this city in twenty-five days, for five dollars per hundred pounds. He delivered it in the time specified, and the company yet hold his receipt in full for ninety-eight dollars. Many changes and improvements have taken place in this city since the arrival of the first Vigilant engine.

The Old Niagara Steam Fire Engine to be Taken to Meadville.

Mr. Ed. Pentz, of Meadville, some three months since, purchased the old Niagara Steam Fire Engine for three hundred dollars, and has had it thoroughly repaired and painted. A new Russia iron casing, with brass dome, has been made, together with other important changes, the repairs costing about $1,200. The owner intends to ship it to Meadville on Tuesday next. It is intended if the steamer answers all the requirements, that the Rough and Ready Fire Company shall change its name to "Niagara," and take charge of the new engine. In this event, the Rough and Ready engine would be handed over to a new company yet to be organized. The losses by fire in Meadville during the past year demonstrated the necessity of another steamer, and the Niagara will undoubtedly prove a valuable acquisition to the fire department of that city.

TEMPERANCE RESOLUTIONS INDORSED.—The preamble and resolutions passed on Tuesday evening, at the Allegheny Temperance League, as published in the COMMERCIAL of Friday, have been indorsed and ratified by the new organization at Lawrenceville, known as "Hope of the Fallen Temple of Honor," and were also passed upon and indorsed by Evening Star Temple of Honor at their regular meeting last evening.

MILITARY COMPANY.—A juvenile military company has been organized at Brownsville, called the "Brownsville Zouaves." The company already numbers thirty members, with a prospect of considerable additions, as soon as their uniforms and equipments shall have been completed. The company is commanded by Captain Frank Adams, First Lieutenant John Isler, Second Lieutenant David Livingstone, with the usual quotas of sergeants, corporals, &c.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—To-night La Rue's celebrated Carnival Minstrels will conclude their performances in this city, their engagements elsewhere precluding all possibility of extending their stay with us. They have, during the week, attracted the largest audiences ever drawn together here by any similar company, and it is safe to say that every one was pleased. A complete change of programme is announced for this evening, and in order to add to the attraction, the renowned H. rnandez is announced to appear in his wonderful performances. In the afternoon a grand matinee will be given, commencing at 2½ o'clock.

OVERINGTON COMBINATION TROUPE.—The Overington Combination Troupe, from this city, under the management of Harry Overington, the popular Treasurer of the Opera House, will give two performances at Aten's Hall, Wellsville, Ohio, on Monday and Tuesday evenings next. The Troupe embraces some of the principal members of the stock companies from the theaters in this city, among whom are Mrs. Anna Sylvester, Miss Louisa Sylvester, J. M. Cook, W. C. Smythe and others. The performances will be of a varied and interesting character, and we take pleasure in recommending the company to the Wellsvillians.

MASONIC HALL.—A grand complimentary estimonial will be given to Mr. P. C. Abbott, the popular elocutionist and dramatic reader, by his fellow-citizens of Pittsburgh, at Masonic Hall, on Friday evening next, 16th inst. The bill presented for the occasion is a good one, and we have no doubt the hall will be crowded.

Further Home Testimony—Another Testimonial from W. Wagner, Esq., Cashier of the Morgantown, W. Virginia, National Bank.

W. Wagner, Esq., Cashier of the Morgantown (W. Va.) National Bank, was for upwards of five years painfully afflicted with a disease in his head, producing frequent copious discharges from his ears, and which almost totally destroyed his hearing. He was induced to place himself under the skillful treatment of Dr. E. S. Aborn, (No. 134 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.), who speedily effected a permanent cure. Mr. Wagner publicly acknowledged Dr. Aborn's great success, under date of November, 1866, in which he says: "I have no hesitation in saying that under your treatment I have not only been relieved of my intense suffering, but that I am permanently and satisfactorily cured." The following additional letter has just been received from Mr. Wagner:

MORGANTOWN, W. V., June 24, 1867.

Dr. E. S. Aborn, No. 134 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

DEAR SIR:—I am very happy to inform you that the treatment you gave me in November last, with the medicine you then gave me, and afterward sent to me from Meadville, has entirely cured my head, and relieved me from deafness and all those unpleasant sensations from which I suffered when I called at your office, and that my hearing is perfectly restored. When I was in Pittsburgh, a short time since, and in conversation with several friends, I told them of my visit to you in November last, and the successful treatment I received at your hands. Many persons in my own immediate neighborhood who have notice the restoration of my hearing, will no doubt call upon you. The gentleman who was suffering with his eyes in this place, about whom I wrote to you, went to Pittsburgh shortly after you left there, and then went to Weston, in this State, where he is now engaged in business. I am told he has lost the use of his eye entirely, and that recently he had the eye ball taken out by some surgeon from Buffalo, who happened to be at Weston. I regret very much that he did not get to Pittsburgh before you left there, as my confidence in your superior skill gives me great assurance that you would have saved his sight. The old gentleman who is suffering from deafness has been to Pittsburgh since you left for the purpose of calling upon you, and regretted exceedingly that he had delayed his visit so long. I shall do myself the honor to call upon you soon, and personally express to you the deep gratitude I feel towards you for the permanent cure which you have effected in my case.

Yours, very truly, W. WAGNER.

NEW DRY GOODS now opening on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets. There are some special bargains from the large Eastern Auctions. C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Another Speedy Cure.

Mr. John Morrison, one of our late worthy grand jurymen, makes the following statement of his speedy recovery from a disease of the head and chest from which he had suffered severely:

I cheerfully make known to the public the speedy manner in which I have recovered from my critical state of health under the treatment of Dr. Aborn, at No. 134 Smithfield street. I have been afflicted for several years with a disease of the head, which at last affected my throat, and soon thereafter my lungs became involved. And also this filthy head accumulation, gravitating downwards, destroyed the functions of my stomach and liver. I was so dyspeptic, and my liver so deranged, that what little food I did eat afforded so little nourishment to the system that I soon became very much reduced in flesh. I was perfectly miserable. Life afforded no enjoyment. What enjoyment can one find that is afflicted as I was? I have been under the treatment of Dr. Aborn but three weeks, and the remarkable change which has taken place in the character of my disease in so short a time is almost incredible. My appetite is fully restored to its former power; have gained many pounds in weight, and am still gaining, and am once more on the road to health, as the result of his peculiar treatment. JOHN MORRISON,
935 Bedford street.

Linen Sheetings.

The best assortment in the city at J. M. Burchfield & Co's., No. 87 Market street. *Bleached Muslins*, cheapest in the city. *Irish Linens*, all pure flax. This is the place to buy your linens, all bought from the importer and we cannot sell better and cheaper than any other house can sell. Remember that the fine looking linens many houses sell at low prices are half cotton. Come and examine *our stock*.

The New Theory for Diseases of the Air Passages.

A WORD FROM AN OLD SCHOOL PHYSICIAN AS TO ITS MERIT.

There are many systems of medicine by which we attempt to heal the human body and make it free of disease, ranging from the science of Allopathy down to the use of Dandelion. How far they have succeeded time has abundantly shown by the number of their failures as well as by the number and nature of their cures.

In the cure of Pulmonary disease, Dr. Aborn has stepped out of the old beaten track, and adopted a system so simple, direct and natural as to recommend itself to all who are suffering from catarrh and disease of the lungs, of a character defying cure by any of the old methods of treatment.

Although from childhood I have been raised and also went through a regular course and graduated as an Allopathic Physician, in spite of what is right and best, as well as personal benefit received by the new system of atomization, teaches me to bear some testimony to its merits. Dr. ——, *Formerly*
Practical Apothecary, Lawrenceville.

Dyspepsia.

This disease seems to affect nearly the entire human family. Dyspepsia affects persons in different ways. Dyspepsia is simply indigestion, or what is more commonly known as bile in the stomach, which is converted into a chyle and that chyle into blood. The process of digestion may be more or less obstructed for years by improper food, want of exercise, overwork, care, depression, and other causes, before the symptoms of dyspepsia will manifest themselves. At length come the irregular appetite, discomfort before or after eating, rising of food, eructations, gastric irritability, costiveness or diarrhœa, pains in the chest, pains in the limbs, pains in the head, restlessness, loss of flesh, debility, mental depression, palpitation, dizziness, suffocation, and nearly every discomfort known to mortals. The cause not being known or suspected, the sufferer is doctored for symptoms by first one and then other medicine, till, dying a thousand miserable deaths by the disease and drugs, he finally looks only for a miserable existence. Then how often does the disease, and how essential that one skilled in the treatment of this disease should be sought at once and have the disease thoroughly eradicated, and the system restored to health, which can be done by the *combined cotton-sense treatment* as practiced by Dr. Aborn, at 134 Smithfield street, as can be attested by the numerous testimonials published in these columns.

OHIO STREET PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—A Leggate, Auctioneer, will sell on Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock, the premises Nos. 261 and 263 Ohio street, Allegheny, at present used as a tavern by John Horn. The lot is 28 by 90. The building is a brick containg thirteen large rooms. The locality is good for business, and special attention is invited thereto. Terms at sale.

Consumption.

This fell disease destroys more lives annually than any other complaint that flesh is heir to. A singular peculiarity about the disease is that it generally carries off the most promising of both sexes. The flower of the family is generally a victim to this insidious and terrible malady. Every one is liable to its ravages—the old and the young—the robust farmer and the delicate residents of crowded cities—the strong and the weak; in fact, there is no condition of life exempt from its attacks. There are many causes that develop this disease. How many persons die annually of Consumption, which began merely by their contracting a slight cold, which the patient neglected, thinking it of too slight a character to cause any uneasiness. A cold ever so slight never should be neglected. Remember that the simple cold that resulted in Consumption and a lingering death, could have easily been cured at the outset. Colds produce Catarrh, Catarrh produces Laryngitis, Trachitis and Bronchitis; these result in Consumption. Bronchitis is an inflammation of the lining membrane of the air passages inside the lung; the air tubes ramify through every part of these important organs, and yet many consider these diseases of minor importance. They should *never* be neglected, as we *cannot* determine how soon they may terminate in Consumption. There are many causes of consumption which we will notice hereafter. What we wish to instill into the minds of the people is that *consumption is curable*. We are aware that this doctrine is a new one, but the fact can be demonstrated by calling upon Dr. Aborn, who will, in the *first* and *second* stages of consumption, always perform a *perfect cure*, and greatly ameliorate the patient suffering in the *last* stage of this disease. To all who are so suffering we would say, call and see for yourselves; do not be discouraged because others have failed to render you relief. The means of relief are placed within your reach; now that you do not neglect them, and thus fill an early and untimely grave.

Dr. Aborn devotes special attention to all diseases of the eye, ear, head, throat and organs of the chest. Physicians are invited to call, with their patients, and investigate his new method of treating diseases of the air passages. Consulting and operating rooms, No. 134 Smithfield street.

THE PITTSBURGH BASE BALL HEADQUARTERS, Pittock's, O. P. P. O. The great Base Ball Emporium of the West, and the "only live an mal" of the kind in Pittsburgh. Clubs wanting outfits will find it to their best interest to patronize the "Headquarters," as there they have a larger and more varied assortment of goods to select from than can be found anywhere else in the West, consisting of everything appertaining to a base ball outfit. Balls, bats, caps, bases, belts, shoes, spikes, foul flags, score books, prize bats, score sheets, prize balls, reference books, foul flag staffs, &c. &c. Balls at Pittock's, O. P. P. O., Base ball headquarters. The Hicnick, Chambers, Young America, Van Horn, Harwood, Eagle Star, Bounding Rock, Juniors, No. 1, 2 and 3, Natick Brown, Hossman, Cock of the Walk, Caps of the Star Top, Lincoln Club, Jockey, Nolby and Active Club patterns. Also, the new improved base ball shoe, with screw plate between the soles, the only neat and serviceable shoe for ball players in use, thereby advantage being the spikes can be *unscrewed* and the shoe worn about a house, office or store, the same as an ordinary shoe without injury to carpets or oil cloths.

ELEGANT FURNITURE.—Messrs. Lamon & Weise, No. 118 Fourth street, have one of the most complete manufactories in the country for turning out the best quality of furniture of every description for the parlor, chamber, office, &c., together with common furniture. All their manufactures are far more durable, better finished and more desirable as well as being cheaper than can be had elsewhere. We have only to say that if our readers will take the trouble to visit Messrs. Lamon & Weise's warerooms, No. 118 Fourth street, they can satisfy themselves at a single glance that ours are the true. Give them a call before you make your purchases elsewhere. You can buy to a decided advantage of Lamon & Weise.

STILL FINER GOODS.—The American Tea Company, No. 2 St. Clair street, have just received a few chests Oolong Tea, of the Empress Chop, the finest black tea grown, and of assistength and flavor rarely found; selling at $1 50 a pound. Those same black, green and Japanese teas at $1 25, now used with great satisfaction by thousands of families, always on hand, retail and wholesale, finest English breakfast teas.

A Valuable Improvement in Pocket Cutlery—Pen-Knife and Scissors Combined.

Mr. G. W. Dash, No. 1 Merchants' Hotel Building, Smithfield street, has patented one of the most useful improvements in Pocket Cutlery that we have seen. It is perfectly simple in its construction, and furnishes a durable and useful pocket knife and scissors. One blade serves the double purpose of a scissors and the pen knife. At one end of the handle there is an opening into which any fabric desired to be cut may be placed; then by pressing the *closed blade* downwards it catches the fabric between its own and the edge of a stationary blade inside of the handle, and thus acts as a scissors with the utmost precision and nicety. These knives are invaluable to dry goods clerks who have constant use for the scissors. For any one who is required to use such an article frequently,—as for instance a storekeeper in almost any branch of retail trade, who ties up many small packages during the day, this knife will be found to be a benefactor to his fingers, which have to break the cord which this little labor-saver will cut instantly *without opening the blade*. For the sewing room it is equally useful, being especially adapted for cutting button holes, etc. It will nick any fabric that requires it before being torn, as many and various kinds of goods do. To tailors, seamstresses, and others, it can be made useful in a variety of ways. These knives are manufactured by Dash, Wright & Co., Sheffield Cutlery Works, Soho Bridge, Pittsburgh, and their office is at No. 1, Merchants' Hotel Building, Smithfield street, where samples can be seen and orders left. See the advertisement in another column.

An Elegant Resort---The Monongahela House Billiard Rooms.

Dropping into this really elegant establishment yesterday, we at once observed that in addition to the usual attractions there, a thorough overhauling had been made, the rooms have been repainted and refitted. The tables, Phelan's best, have all been recovered and a new supply of the most celebrated balls put upon them. Although these rooms have been open but a short time, these changes were necessary in order to keep the apartments of this establishment up to the mark of superiority determined upon by the proprietors. One important feature of these rooms, we are glad to say, remains unchanged. We mean the Superintendent, Wm. F. Dodds, Esq. With such a gentleman at the head of this establishment, kept as they are and not suffered to run down in the least, it cannot fail to be regarded as the first Billiard Room in the city.

Dyspepsia and Disease of the Liver Cured.

SIX weeks ago I applied to Dr. Aborn, at No. 134 Smithfield street, with painful affection of the chest. For two years I had been afflicted with dyspepsia and liver affection. I was very weak and reduced in flesh. During the brief period of six weeks under Dr. Aborn's new treatment I have quite recovered, and gained my former strength.

JAMES ANDERSON,
No. 70 Diamond, Allegheny City.

A Country Home Now Ready.

A fine and cheap property is advertised for sale in ourcolumns. It is situated near Sewickley, very convenient to depots, schools and churches, is in a choice neighborhood, and has very desirable surroundings. The lot is a very desirable one, of one and a half acres, but more can be had if required. The house is just receiving its finishing touches, and will be ready for occupancy next week. It has been planned and built in the most first-class manner, has eight rooms and cemented cellar, has marble mantles and hearths; numerous roomy closets, bay-window, bath room, &c. Inside shutters throughout the whole house. This house could not be built now at the price asked. If not sold shortly, will be *rented* to the highest and most unexceptional bidder. Those desiring a real comfortable and handsome country home are urged to visit the property and judge for themselves. For terms, &c., apply to George H. Holtzman, Real Estate Agent, 76 Fifth street.

No Cutting—No Probing.

Nor any painful operation is resorted to in the treatment of Ear disease by Dr. Aborn at 134 Smithfield street. His book by mail on receipt of 50 cents. Special attention given to all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and organs of the chest.

SUMMER WEATHER.—The hot, sultry month of August is now upon us. The season when sickness is more fatal than at any other time. When the body is relaxed, and nature can do least to recuperate its exhausted strength. At this time we require to guard, with more than usual care against the attacks of the great enemy—disease—by fortifying the system with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS—the most wonderful tonic in the world. A tonic indorsed as a pure, harmless and effective FAMILY MEDICINE by millions of human beings who have tested it and found immediate, increased, vigorous health and strength; in fact all the vital forces are invigorated, and new life infused into the system. The weak, debilitated and nervous invalid awake to a feeling of true enjoyment, and life, once a burthen, becomes a source of pleasure.

Beware of the pernicious alcoholic preparations, purporting to be tonics and stomachics, puffed up daily in the newspapers! Let them alone!

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is the one PURE and RELIABLE TONIC and INVIGORATOR, and can be procured in every city, town and village in the country.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS has a permanent reputation, which is rapidly increasing as the years go by. All others are but mushrooms of the hour, and die off as quickly as they spring into existence.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pitts. Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.—Nimick & Co., 1 car pig iron; J. Moorhead, 1 do; Bailey, Dalzell & Co., 10 do; Spoenberger & Bial, 3 cars iron ore; Bryan & Caughey, 1 car pig iron; J. M. Wood & Co., 1 do; John Bissell & Co., 1 car, 382 bush wheat, 1 car corn; A. Hoovler & Co., 15 bbls flour, 6 bbls whisky, 1 do alcohol, 1 box soap, 1 do candles, 1 cask white lead; Lippincott & Bickwell, 1 keg; Wm. Thaw, jr., & Co., 1 do; Wm. Phillips & Co., 1 do; Kinney, 2 bbls vinegar; J. Knox, 1 box castings; E. Megraw & Co., 2 cases tobacco; Mackin & McCabe, 3 cars corn; *Commercial Printing House*, 1 car *printing paper*; do to John; J. S. Liggett & Co., 1 car wheat; McCullough, Smith & Co., 1 car corn; Wm. Bingham, 1 do; Wm. Speer, 1 do; Wm. Bingham, 1 do; Wm. Speer, 1 do; Wm. Bingham, 1 do; Wm. Speer, 1 do